

## New Shoes at Right Prices.

We have been unpacking a Splendid line of Shoes and have marked them at figures that in selling we do not have to cut the prices named in order to give honest value for the money.

- Soft sole shoes for babies, 4 styles at... 50c
- A good servicable ladies' kid shoe... \$1.00
- An all solid leather working shoe for men, only... \$1.50
- A Splendid line of Slippers in Blacks and Tans. Just the thing for hot weather.
- All Straw Hats only... 25c
- A Nice Hammock for... \$1.50

**C. M. & W. W. FENELON.**

RHINELANDER - Wis.

## ALL NEW.

300 Pairs Cotton Blankets  
BELOW  
COST.

This is on account of getting twice what we ordered

60c for a 75c Blanket.

Two-Third Price on Blouse Waists.  
Ten per cent off on Dress Goods.

Spafford & Cole.

## ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH REDUCED TO ASHES AT AN EARLY HOUR SUNDAY MORNING

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE IS A MYSTERY—VARIOUS CAUSES ARE ARGUED—HOUSE OF WORSHIP WAS ELABORATELY FURNISHED.

Structure and Contents Furnish Fuel for the Angry Flames—Loss Estimated at \$15,000 and Insured for \$4,000—Money is Liberally Subscribed By Sympathizing Citizens Toward Rebuilding.

Rev. Fr. P. Schmitz and the members of St. Mary's Catholic congregation received a terrible blow last Sunday morning in the destruction by fire of their spacious and elaborately furnished church edifice on King street, all of which was reduced to ashes in an early morning blaze. The origin of the fire is somewhat of a mystery.

Shortly before 4 o'clock, Mrs. W. E. Ashton, who resides nearby, detected the smell of smoke and awoke her husband. Upon glancing through the window he observed that the rear end of the church was in flames. Mr. Ashton dressed hurriedly and turned in an alarm. The fire department was soon on the scene, but the flames had gained too much headway. All hopes of saving the church were soon abandoned and their attention was turned to saving the parsonage and adjacent property. Very fortunately, a heavy rain fell the night before, and it was not long before the flames were broken by the intense heat. The residence of Thos. Redfield, just across the street, caught fire several times and was scorched considerably.

The loss is a serious one to the Catholics, who, with their pastor, Rev. Schmitz, have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community, regardless of religious belief or affiliation. Although Rev. Schmitz has been here scarcely nine months, he had by untiring zeal and self-denial succeeded in popularizing the neglected church of this city, and in the evening Rev. Schmitz stood admiring the interior of the edifice, little realizing that in a few hours all would be reduced to ashes.

The church, although not worth the amount, had cost the congregation in the neighborhood of \$15,000. Its actual value can safely be placed at \$10,000. Since first built, a bell and been added, which is said to have cost about \$2,000. The fixtures were valued at \$5,000. Nothing was saved. The new vestment recently purchased by the ladies of the congregation, costing \$125, burned. The church contained a very handsome altar, which cost \$1,000, also some of the most beautiful statues in the state.

Fortunately Rain Fell Saturday Night and Saved Adjacent Buildings From Going Up in Smoke—Alarm Tured in About 4 a. m. By Will Ashton—Work on Parochial School Will Go On.

and a pretty pulpit donated by Mr. Sullivan.

The only saving was the foundation walls. These were left intact and can be used in the erection of a new church.

Rev. Schmitz feels the loss keenly, but he is one of that kind who never becomes discouraged. While watching the angry flames devour the edifice, he confidently remarked, "the church will be rebuilt," and it will. Before the fire had completed its destructive work, W. L. Beers presented the reverend gentleman with his personal check for \$100, showing his sympathy. Others followed suit during the day and by night \$200 had been subscribed toward rebuilding the church.

The church and contents were only insured for \$4,000 in the local agency of James & Weesner. This is a small amount in comparison to the loss sustained. It will be a starter though toward a new church. The way contributions are being made it is evident that work of rebuilding will be commenced very soon.

The destruction of the church will not interfere in the building of the parochial school, the contract for which has been let and work on which was commenced a couple of weeks ago. The work will go ahead as if nothing had happened.

TO REV. FATHER SCHMITZ AND THE BROTHERS AND SISTERS OF THE CATHOLIC CHURCH OF THIS CITY.

Dear Friends: At a meeting of the congregation of the Congregational church of this city, held this morning, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"We, the members of the Congregational church and society, desire to extend to the members of the Catholic church, our heartfelt sympathy in the loss by fire of their church building."

We also desire to share our church home with the people of the Catholic congregation until such time as they shall be better provided for and we tender to that congregation the full use of our building for afternoon service, or for such morning or evening service as may be arranged for by committees from each church in consultation."

Wishing you grace, mercy and peace, we are, Yours in God's name,  
The Congregational Church, by  
P. O. HELLER,  
W. E. BROWN,  
SAM. S. MILLER,  
Committee.

## RHINELANDER MACCABEES VISIT HATCHET CITY

TOMAHAWK TENT PRESENTED WITH THE STATE BANNER—OVER TWO HUNDRED GO ON A SPECIAL—VISITORS ROYALLY ENTERTAINED.

Rhinelanders Maccabees gave the members of Cohasset Tent No. 11, K. O. T. M., of Tomahawk an agreeable surprise last Thursday evening. The occasion of their visit was the presentation of the state banner by State Commander Brown to the members of the Hatchet City Tent for having together the largest membership of any lodge in the state.

The eyes of the Tomahawk people stuck out so that one could knock them off with sticks when the special train from this city pulled up to the depot there at 6:20 o'clock that evening. Over two hundred from this city enjoyed the trip to the Hatchet City to join in celebrating the event. It showed there was no jealousy among the local members of the popular order, despite the fact that they were close rivals in the contest of working for the prize. Rhinelanders wanted it and went after it hard, but the Hatchet City fellows went after it a little harder, winning out by a very close margin.

The Rhinelanders delegation, accompanied by the City band, left the depot in their special train about 5:20 o'clock, reaching their destination an hour later. From that time until 3 o'clock a. m. it was a continual round of animated enjoyment.

Soon after the arrival of our contingent, the visitors were escorted to the city park to witness the presentation of the state banner to Cohasset Tent.

The following is lifted from the Tomahawk account of the most important event in the history of the Maccabees of northern Wisconsin:

He referred to the fact that only a brief thirteen years since, where now stands the city of Tomahawk the wilds of heaven toyed with the tall tops of an almost untouched pine forest. He said the citizens of Tomahawk put into the welcome they extended the members of this great order the same energy that had cleared the pine forest and built a modern city of three thousand people in that brief period.

The officers of Cohasset Tent were then called to places upon the platform and in a few brief but impressive and well-chosen words State Commander John W. Brown, of Stevens Point, presented to Cohasset Tent the handsome banner they had won. He said he was proud of the splendid work the tent had accomplished.

Sir Knight Commander John Sheehan made the response on the part of Cohasset Tent. Eloquently and earnestly he told of the beginning of the efforts to increase the membership of the tent, not with the hope of winning the proud position of the largest tent in the great state of Wisconsin, but because they all knew and felt the benefits of the order and were willing to work as only those could work who looked beyond the mere honor of winning a prize and were imbued with the true spirit of fraternity and benevolence which made the organization a factor in the onward and upward march of humanity.

after the banner and meant to have it next time. But he was proud to have it come to the Wisconsin Valley and if Rhinelanders could not get it he was glad that Tomahawk did. He said Tomahawk was getting a pretty large share of the plums anyway and very gracefully referred to the coming here of Mr. W. G. Collins, a man of national reputation in the commercial world. The location of such a man in Tomahawk—in the Wisconsin Valley—is alone sufficient to attract the attention of the business world to us, and Tomahawk was fortunate in this respect. And following this Cohasset Maccabees were winners of the State Banner, and it all indicated that a wave of progressive development had struck the valley and was coming stronger and stronger week by week. It was not in the nature of a boom; it was coming slowly because people were beginning to find out what we had here. Mr. Beers then gave some reminiscences of Maccabee politics and said he was proud of the fact that he had been in attendance at the Oshkosh convention of the order when a northern Wisconsin man was elected to the State Commandership of the order. They had wrested that plum and several others from their fellow-Maccabees in the southern part of the state—all in good-natured rivalry, but it was a lesson to them and was good because it showed them that there was a North Wisconsin on the State map. Mr. Beers' talk was well received.

Then the Rhinelanders Quintette, composed of Messrs. Charles Redfield, Arthur Jenkinson, George Lambert, David Martell and A. J. Lytle put forth a rattling melody which was received with so warm an enthusiasm that they did some more. Their work was eagerly and well.

Sir Knight O'Leary then named State Commander Brown for a brief talk.

After Sir Knight Brown's address there was singing by a chorus of young ladies.

The announcement was made that the supper tables, furnished and served by the ladies of Somers Lodge No. 6 of the Lady Maccabees would be ready at 9 o'clock and that dancing would take place at three different places—the Lumbermen's Exchange room at The Mitchell, McBride's opera and Member's Hall. Then the crowd dispersed.

After the presentation came the dancing and feasting and merry-making. There was nothing stiff or formal. It was a good time and so that everybody else had a good time.

Rhinelanders Maccabees with their ladies came down in four special coaches and numbered considerably over 200 people. The Rhinelanders contingent had arrived over the Marquette, Tomahawk & Western road about 6:20 and had left their homes toward the supper. It was thought best to hold back the ceremonies until the Merrill coach came in and this kept the Rhinelanders visitors from their evening meal until rather late—9 o'clock. But there was never a grumble. They understood the situation and met it cheerfully.

Everybody had a word of admiration for the Rhinelanders delegation. "They are all 'bricks'—all good fellows, and they pull together," said a prominent local Maccabee. And they did all seem to be fairly coated over with fraternity and good fellowship. It was admirable. No wonder they have a good town up there on the banks of the Old Wisconsin. They "pull together." Of such stuff as this they make good towns. The Tomahawk Maccabees were profuse in their appreciation of the delegation their sister city sent down to help them celebrate. They brought their torches and hand wagons along and helped materially to make the event a success. And it was appreciated. The Rhinelanders Maccabees have built a fine new hall and will dedicate it on Wednesday evening, August 8. They extended a hearty invitation to Tomahawk to help them and every member of Cohasset Tent not on the sick list will be there, and lots who are not Maccabees will go along.

An event that added much to the evening was the torch light parade and drill of the Rhinelanders boys. It took place at midnight and the red torches lit up Wisconsin in a way until it reminded one of the descriptions of some of the old Roman Carnivals or Greek Festivals.

## EASTERN CAMPING PARTY HERE.

Twenty-eight Allegheny Iron and Steel Workers at Pine Lake.

E. J. Hart and Wm. Soles, of Allegheny City, Pa., arrived in Rhinelanders last Saturday to arrange details for a five weeks' camp to be enjoyed by twenty-eight members of the Washington Hunting and Fishing club of the above named eastern city. The gentlemen spent Saturday and Sunday in looking over the adjacent resorts, procuring provisions and engaging conveyances. The gentlemen decided Sunday that Pine Lake was the ideal spot for the party to enjoy their outing. Arrangements were made with Wm. Schafer to carry the baggage and camp equipage to the lake and with W. E. Ball to convey the members of the party there. A large purchase of provisions was made of W. D. Harrigan. The party arrived Monday morning and during the forenoon left for the scene of their camp. The members of the club are laborers, employed in the iron and steel works of the eastern manufacturing town. The campers are a jolly lot and come with the determination of having a good time. They are well supplied with fishing tackle and Winchester rifles, intending to bag all the game that comes their way.

## GRANDON SUPERVISORS PLACED UNDER ARREST

CHAIRMAN OF THE FOREST COUNTY TOWN ABSCONDS WITH CASH.

"Bodding" of the Boldest Kind Alleged to Have Been Perpetrated—Two Members of the Side Board Give Bail to Appear for Trial—New Developments Only Go to Make Matters Worse.

For some time it has been reported that wholesale bodding was being perpetrated upon the tax payers of the town of Grandon, Forest county. But not until recently has it been known to what extent the robbery was carried. Recent developments go to show that the guilty officers of that town were daring, but rather coarse.

About a month ago, warrants were issued for the arrest of John Ravalle, chairman of the town board, and two of the side board. The two members of the side board were arrested and examined on the charge of grand larceny. Sufficient evidence was presented to hold them for trial in circuit court. They furnished bail.

The chairman of the town evidently feared to face the charge against him and shook Grandon dust from off his feet, silently stealing away for parts unknown. It is said that he came to Rhinelanders about a month ago, remaining here for a few days on a spree. Since then all trace of him has been lost.

H. G. Martin, deputy sheriff of Forest county, was in the city last Saturday for the purpose of finding, if possible, some clue as to the whereabouts of Ravalle, the absconding chairman, who has thus far succeeded in steering clear of the authorities.

It is not known how much money has been misappropriated, but it has been learned definitely where \$2,000 or more went, and it did not remain in the exclusive of the town.

The manner of fleeing the town was as follows: For instance, a laborer was employed ten days at \$2 per day. At that rate he would be entitled to \$20. It is said an order would be issued for \$30, just twice the amount. The order would be sent to the Tax Payers' association of Marinette for payment of their taxes. When the money was returned, the stubs of the order books would be signed by the officers. Instead of letting the payees sign them personally, in order to avoid detection, half of the amount received then went into the pockets of the officials, at least this is so, according to the story of our informant, the deputy sheriff. While the work was rather coarse, it is plain to be seen that it could be worked successfully for a time.

In addition to the above manner of swindling, it is said there was \$50 in the drainage fund of the town. This, it is alleged, found its way into the pockets of the officers. Other discrepancies are said to have been discovered, going to show that there was a bold determination to loot the town treasury completely at any or all hazards. It is without doubt one of the boldest games of looting in the history of northern Wisconsin. Larger amounts have been swindled, of course, but under different and smoother circumstances.

For more unadulterated gall and nerve, Ravalle takes the cake. His 7-year-old boy's name was placed on the pay roll and the lad secured \$500 for road work. This went with a good share of the money swindled—into the pockets of the dishonest and absconding father.

## MRS. NAVUE PASSES AWAY.

Stricken With Paralysis in Milwaukee; En route Home From Michigan.

Last week, mention was made in The New North of the fact that Mrs. S. R. Navue had suffered a stroke of paralysis in Milwaukee while en route home from Muskegon, Mich., where she had been the guest of her daughter. Her husband and daughter, Mrs. Clara Buckley, were notified and left with the intention of accompanying the sufferer home as soon as she was able to stand the journey, little realizing that the case was so serious.

Mrs. Navue suffered the paralytic stroke a week ago last Saturday just as she was entering a street car. She was immediately taken to the home of Rev. Jas. Blake, formerly pastor of the First Baptist church in this city. Mr. Navue and Mrs. Buckley reached the bedside the next morning. Mrs. Navue was apparently gaining until Wednesday evening, the 25th inst., when she suffered a hemorrhage and sank rapidly until last Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, when death claimed her.

The remains arrived here last Saturday morning and were met at the North-Western depot by friends, including several members of the Maccabee lodge, and taken to the family residence in the Sixth ward.

Mrs. Navue was sixty-three years of age and had been a resident of this city for eight years. She was one of the leading members of the First Baptist church, also the W. C. T. U. The funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at the First Baptist church, conducted by Rev. Jas. Blake, who delivered a very impressive burial sermon. The last sad rites were attended by a large number of the sorrowing friends of the departed one.

The deceased leaves a husband, two daughters and a brother and sister who have the sympathy of the entire community.

## NEW NORTH.

RAISERLANDER TRADING COMPANY.  
RHINELANDER. • WISCONSIN.

Col. David B. Henderson, speaker of the federal house of representatives, is spending the summer with Mrs. Henderson in the Adirondacks. Later he will leave for Paris to visit the exposition.

It is something of a mistake to suppose that women in China have no rights that a man is not bound to respect. The idea that she is of no importance is altogether incorrect. In her home, as a wife, she exercises an authority that would make a denizen of the western world gasp with wonder.

It is suggested that it will be profitable to try the experiment of using gas engines for driving ships, the gas being generated on the vessel itself. Coal will be roasted in retorts aboard the ship in order to drive off the gas for the engines. The coke thus produced would furnish the fuel needed to roast the coal.

The roses in the famous wooded island at the World's fair grounds in Chicago are said to be just as fine now as they were during the fair. Planted in 1892, the year before the fair, they are still wonderfully beautiful. They form one of the memories of the fair that will linger long in the minds of those who saw them.

It is always difficult to secure a quorum in the New York city council. At a recent meeting the necessary number of members failed to attend, and the president was about to send the sergeant-at-arms after some absentees, when it was learned that the officer named was himself absent, and that he had not attended a meeting for months.

Two thousand Chicago saloons will go out of business on October 1. Computations made justify the assertion, which means that the revenue of the city will fall off \$1,000,000 from that source alone. It is said that the rise in the price of beer is the principal reason for the falling off. At present there are 5,700 saloons in Chicago, which is 1,200 less than five years ago.

M. P. Castle, of London, has sold his collection of European postage stamps for \$120,000, which is believed to be the biggest price ever paid. Now that the Orange Free State has been taken off the map as an independent republic, collectors are paying as much as \$25 for a single stamp of that government, and the price is rising. A full set of Transvaal stamps would now cost about \$2,000.

Miss French ("Octave Thanet") possesses a novel accomplishment, rare among writers. She has remarkable ability as a mimic and is able to carry on impromptu a conversation between two or more imaginary persons, modifying her voice to represent different characters. Indeed, the dramatic element is so strongly developed in Miss French that had she not found success with the pen she would have won fame as a comedienne.

Although Mary is believed to be the commonest of the names of women, the wife of only one president was so named—Mary Todd Lincoln. There was also Mary Marthas (both from Virginia), Martha Washington and Martha Jefferson; two Abigail, the wives of Presidents Fillmore and John Adams, and two Elizabeths, Mrs. Monroe and Mrs. Johnson. Of the two wives of the other presidents no two had the same Christian names.

Among the missionaries in China of whom news is anxiously awaited there are no less than eighteen graduates and former students of the University of Michigan, thirteen women and five men. Of these five are, or were, if they have not been killed, in Peking, including Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. King, both instructors in the University of Peking and classmates at Ann Arbor. Most of the graduates are medical missionaries.

Queen Victoria has at her disposal when she wishes to take a ride innumerable carriages. Of these the coronation coach is first. This carriage is unknown to the present generation, as it has never left the royal mews at Buckingham palace since 1861. It is lovely, but cumbersome, was designed by George III., and every portion is richly decorated and gilded. Outside its panels are pictures painted by noted artists.

A good example of the way the Boer war has divided South African families is found in that of which Montagu White, the Boer envoy to this country, is a member. He is known for his loyalty to the Boer cause. His brother is a lieutenant in the Strathcona horse. He served in the Natal mounted police in the last Zulu war and then became a member of the Canadian mounted police, in which he was at the outbreak of the present war.

No nation on the face of the earth compares with the United States as a fruit-eating country. Not only does this country consume enormous amounts of fresh fruits in the shape of apples, pears, peaches and small fruits, but the amount preserved by various processes is far in excess of the amount used in European countries. Other nations are now giving the matter the attention it deserves. Especially is this so in Germany, where the question has been investigated for the German Agricultural society.

## ASSASSIN'S BULLET.

It Pierces the Heart of King Humbert, of Italy.

### THE SOVEREIGN SLAIN AT MONZA.

Shot Down While Receiving the Cheers of His Subjects—Assassin, Named Bressi, Arrested—Cause of His Act Unknown.

Monza, Italy, July 29.—King Humbert has been assassinated. He was shot here Sunday evening by a man named Angelo Bressi, and died in a few minutes.

The king had been attending a distribution of prizes in connection with a gymnastic competition. He had just entered his carriage with his aid de camp, amid the cheers of the crowd, when he was struck by three revolver



KING HUMBERT OF ITALY.

shots fired in quick succession. One pierced the heart of his majesty, who fell back and expired in a few minutes.

The assassin was immediately arrested, and with some difficulty saved from the fury of the populace. He gave his name as Angelo Bressi, describing himself as of Prato, in Tuscany.

The news in Rome. The news of the assassination of King Humbert did not arrive here until after midnight. Signor Saracco, the premier, immediately summoned a meeting of the cabinet, and the ministers will start at the earliest possible moment for Monza.

The prince and princess of Naples are on board the Vela, yachting in the Levant.

### WAS A FAILURE.

Effort to Hold a Celebration in Manila Results in a Fiasco—Americans Take No Part.

Manila, July 29.—The two days' festa in Manila organized by Senator Paterno and his political followers to commemorate the amnesty, resulted in a fiasco. The people were passive, unenthusiastic and not even interested. Failing to perceive any tangible, effective results of amnesty they say they can see no reasons for celebrating. Judge Taft and his colleagues of the commission felt constrained to decline to attend the banquet, as they had been informed that the speeches would favor independence, under American protection, and they could not possibly lend their acquiescence by being present. Senator Paterno, foreseeing the suspension of the banquet without the Americans, frantically appealed to them to attend, promising that there should be no speeches. The protest's precautions were extreme. The guards were doubled both days, and the authorities forbade the display of Filipino flags and of pictures of President McKinley and Aguinaldo fraternally framed. The festa is generally considered to have been premature and unfortunate.

During last week's scouting ten Americans were killed and 14 wounded. One hundred and eighty Filipinos were killed and 60 taken prisoners. Forty insurgent rifles were captured.

Carried Out His Will. Cincinnati, July 29.—The remains of William Case, of Lafayette, Ind., were cremated here last Wednesday. The will of Case requested that "my ashes be strewn to the four winds of heaven." During the Sunday afternoon concert in Eden park, the highest of the hilltop resorts here, the friends of Case carried the ashes to that place and literally carried out the will by strewing the ashes to the winds in the presence of a vast crowd while the band discoursed sacred music. Case was an eccentric musician.

A Domestic Tragedy. Cincinnati, July 29.—On account of domestic troubles the wife of Albert Kipp, a brakeman, recently left him and returned to her parents. Kipp got notice of divorce proceedings. He took the papers to his wife Sunday and told her there would be no need of serving them on him. Calling for water, he swallowed two ounces of carbolic acid and died in great agony, with his wife and three small children clinging to his body.

Burned to Death. Fort Worth, Tex., July 29.—The Exchange hotel, a frame structure, was burned Sunday morning. Tom Gibbons turned over a lamp, setting the house on fire, and was burned to death. Ruby Wendling and an unknown man were badly burned. Loss, \$50,000.

Charged with Murder. Richmond, Ind., July 29.—George Jenkins and William Gates were arrested Sunday for killing Hardin Neek. The latter ordered blackberry hunters off his premises and was killed in the altercation which followed.

## DEADLY TORNADO.

Mills Are Lost, Buildings Wrecked, and Crops Are Ruined in North Dakota.

Hillsboro, N. D., July 29.—A severe tornado passed through Traill county Friday afternoon. It went a few miles west of Mayville and Portland, near the boundary line between Steele and Traill counties, and went straight east entirely through Traill county and across the Red river into Minnesota, where it split into two parts. The path of the storm in Traill county was 27 miles long and four miles wide. Three miles north of Caledonia, the house of Thomas Everson was demolished and his seven-year-old son was killed and three other children seriously injured. Some of the members of the family were carried through the air a distance of 100 feet. At Caledonia the city jail and Presbyterian church were wrecked, and nearly every building in the town was injured. Four miles south of here the Synod church was destroyed.

The damage to crops in the path of the storm was total, and the hail lay several inches deep on the ground where it was over. The first town struck was Portland. Cummings and Caledonia were the next towns in line and both were badly damaged. The hail and wind did tremendous execution and reports are coming in from all along the track of the storm of granaries wrecked, barns overturned and stock killed.

Mayville, N. D., July 29.—A hailstorm and hurricane struck Portland, wrecking the crops and breaking glass windows. Mayville was damaged only by glass breaking. There were several miraculous escapes from death by runaways. A small town 16 miles west of here called Fongerings was wiped out.

Lake Park, Minn., July 29.—A hailstorm passed over the western part of Becker county and destroyed from 4,000 to 5,000 acres of grain.

### DEWEY OFFERS TO GIVE UP.

But Roberts Insists It Must Be Unconditional—Dreaded to Watch the Boats.

London, July 29.—A special dispatch from Cape Town says: "Gen. Christian Dewey has offered to surrender on condition that his followers be permitted to return to their homes unmolested. Lord Roberts has refused any such except unconditional surrender."

A dispatch from Lord Roberts to the British war office Friday said: "Broadwood is still watching Christian Dewey, who has taken up a position on high hills near Heilburg, about seven miles south of the Vaal. Dewey, a younger brother of Christian, surrendered at Kroonstad yesterday."

London, July 29.—Operations in South Africa have again arrived at a sort of standstill. Pretoria telegrams announce that Lord Roberts has returned there with his staff, apparently finding it useless to spend his energies against a constantly retreating foe.

London, July 29.—A dispatch from Fouriesburg, dated July 27, shows that the capture of Fouriesburg was preceded by heavy fighting to force a passage of the passes, which was stubbornly contested for two days. Gen. Hunter's forces had the hardest work in forcing Relief's men, his casualties amounting to about 100. Upwards of 6,000 Boers, with a very large number of wagons, a large quantity of stores and many cattle, have now been driven into the mountain passes, where they are watched by British troops. Their escape from that point will be very difficult.

A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Lourenco Marques says that President Kruger is now at Waterval. He adds that a big fight is expected and that, if the Boers are beaten, President Kruger will trek through Swaziland to Delagoa bay and take a steamer for Europe.

### RATHBONE UNDER ARREST.

Late Director General of Posts in Cuba Charged with Misappropriation of Funds.

Havana, July 29.—Mr. Esteban Rathbone, recently director general of posts in Cuba, was arrested Saturday at 11 o'clock on four charges. These allege the unlawful drawing of two orders for \$200 each, paying his private coachman and gardener from the postal funds, and drawing per diem allowance when not entitled to do so. Mr. Rathbone was held in bonds of \$25,000.

An Alleged Abductor. Kansas City, Mo., July 29.—According to a report from the office of the Bankers' and Cattlemen's Protective association, Edward L. Swazy is a fugitive from justice, charged with having absconded with funds amounting to \$50,000. Until the time of his financial collapse, three months ago, Mr. Swazy was a member of the local commission firm of Ladd, Penny & Swazy.

The firm did a general cattle commission business at the stock yards. It is now alleged that Swazy, for himself, if not for the firm, mortgaged cattle more than once, negotiating the mortgage paper always as first lien. The loss is generally distributed among banks, some of them in the east, so that it is not heavy on any one person or concern.

Troops Leaving Cuba. Santiago de Cuba, July 29.—The second battalion of the Fifth United States Infantry, Maj. Burton commanding, will leave today for the United States by the transport Melpherson. The companies at Guantanamo and Baracoa will be taken aboard en route. The officers have received instructions to prepare warm clothing for a hard winter campaign, and to be ready to reembarke shortly after arriving at New York. All the men are enthusiastic at the prospect of active service in China.

## HELD AS HOSTAGES.

Imperial Edict Tells of the Fate of the Ministers.

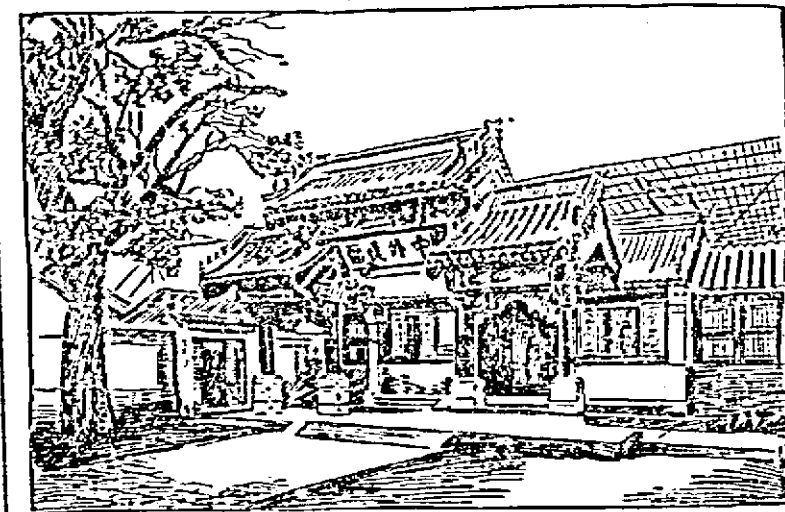
### URGES EFFORT TO NEGOTIATE PEACE.

Viceroy Ordered Not to Permit Foreigners to Escape from the Interior, and to Guard Closely Against Attack.

London, July 29.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, telegraphing Sunday, says:

A new imperial edict promulgated this evening urgently orders all viceroys and provincial governors to endeavor to negotiate peace with the powers, whose ministers are held as hostages pending the result of the overtures for the abandonment of hostilities against China. The viceroys are also commanded to guard their territories vigorously against attack and to prevent, by all means in their power, the advance of the foreign troops, especially along the Yangtze-Kiang. The edict says that the officials will answer with their lives for any failure to execute these orders. Commands are also given that not a single foreigner shall be allowed to escape from the interior, where there are still fully 2,000 Europeans connected with missionary work in isolated situations.

Unfavorable to KILL ALL. "When the governor of Shan Tung communicated to the consuls the imperial decree of July 28, he omitted important passages addressed to Li Hung Chang: 'It is admittedly inadvisable to kill all the ministers, but it is equally unwise to send them to Tientsin. It will be much wiser to keep the survivors at Peking as hostages. You are commanded to hasten to Peking. You are incurring imperial displeasure by delay. You have been appointed viceroy of Chihli because, with your military experience, you will successfully lead the imperial armies against the foreigners in Chihli, which Yu Lu, the



THE TSUNG-LI-YAMEN AT PEKING.

present viceroy, is unable to do, owing to his ignorance in military affairs." Li Hung Chang replied to this edict, asking to be allowed to retire on account of his age.

Admits Pao Ting Pu's Massacre. "Sheng now admits that he has had telegrams since July 19 announcing that every foreigner in Pao Ting Pu was murdered, including 6 British, French and American missionaries, and announced also that two French Jesuits and a thousand converts had been massacred at Kwang Ping Fu, on the borders of Shan Tung and Chihli. A majority of the consuls favor strong measures against Sheng's duplicity."

Threatens to KILL ALL. Berlin, July 29.—The Chinese legation in Berlin has received a message from Sheng, director general of railways and telegraphs, saying that he has received a dispatch from Peking announcing that Gen. Tung Fuh Siang threatens to kill all the members of the legations if the international forces advance upon Peking. Evidently the legation is embarrassed by the receipt of this dispatch, as the Chinese minister has not communicated it to the German government. The legation has cabled the viceroy of Nankin requesting him to try to get information as to whether the widow of Baron von Ketteler, the murdered German minister, is still alive.

London Still Doubtful. London, July 29.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says he is still firmly convinced that the ministers are safe, but, with the exception of an alleged message from the Japanese legation in Peking, dated July 12, brought by a runner, saying that the legation was still defending itself, nothing has yet been published giving anything in the nature of proof. On the other hand, the daily incoming reports of the massacre of missionaries and foreigners leaves only the most slender thread upon which to hang a hope.

The general situation is steadily becoming darker, and a crisis is said to be fast approaching. It is rumored in Shanghai that 10,000 Chinese troops have been secretly moved into that vicinity, and that the commander of the Kiang Yu forts has been ordered to fire if any further addition is made to the number of foreign ships ascending the river. Rioting has already occurred at Kiu Kiang, the mobs threatening death to engineers.

With the arrival of the second Japanese division the allied forces at Taku and Tientsin will number 20,000. The river floods near Tientsin are diminishing.

It is reported that Russians from Harbin have arrived at a point 120 miles north of Peking, after severe fighting.

Thousands Slain. Tokio, Saturday, July 29.—It is reported that the Powers attacked the missionaries and native Christians at Pao Ting Fu on July 9. A foreign physician and 2,000 converts were massacred.

The Chinese general, Li Ho Keh, is now marching on Peking. He has ordered his troops to exterminate all Christians. Already one French priest and from 2,000 to 3,000 natives have been slaughtered.

Another Massacre. Shanghai, July 29.—It is reported here that nine members of the China inland mission have been massacred near Hang Chow. Three additional warships have arrived. There are now 2,500 troops at Woosung forts, 17 miles from Shanghai on the Yangtze. Three thousand troops are now at the arsenal. Small detachments are arriving hourly. Canton is reported quiet.

A Ramor from Shanghai. London, July 29.—The Daily Mail's Shanghai correspondent telegraphs that a Russian banker, who left Peking July 7 and arrived at Shanghai Wednesday, July 25, says that when he left Peking all the legations had been destroyed and all the foreigners murdered. The ministers, seeing death was inevitable, shot their families.

Sir Robert Hart, the banker adds, committed suicide in despair.

A Dispatch from Consul Fowler. Washington, July 29.—The secretary of state has received a dispatch from Mr. Fowler, the American consul at Chefoo, dated at midnight on the 28th:

"This morning, by request of the allied admirals, I wired the governor (supposed to be the governor of Shantung) their wish to get news from ministers themselves. The governor now replies:

"I have received today edict from emperor saying that the ministers are well. They are sending provisions to the legations. Am confident ministers out of distress and request you (Fowler) transmit this preliminary announcement to admirals."

(Signed) "YUAN, Governor."

A Later Message. A later dispatch from Fowler dated one a. m., July 27, to the state department, is as follows:

"Another telegram from governor: 'Have just received imperial edict 24th

saying various ministers, excepting German, are well, and some days ago had supplied provisions to legations. Am satisfied ministers out of distress."

(Signed) "YUAN, Governor."

Secretary Hay also has received a cablegram from United States Consul McWade, at Canton, stating that the viceroy, Tak, assures him that the ministers were all alive and well on July 24.

Expect Important News. Washington, July 29.—There is a growing expectation at the state department that news of the utmost importance may be forthcoming at any moment from Peking. It was even thought that something might be received Sunday, but this hope was doomed to disappointment. The few cablegrams that were received referred to minor matters and did not touch at all upon conditions in the Chinese capital. It is believed that the basis for this expectation is the knowledge on the part of the officials that certain machinery heretofore set in motion may result in the opening up of communication through some secret but reliable channels. It is known that a second effort has been made by our own government to get another message from Mr. Conger, and that nearly all of the powers also have resorted to private agencies in their own interest with a like object.

The Forward Movement. Minister Wu had no cablegrams himself Sunday, nor had the state department any directly from China. Nothing further has been heard as to the date set for the beginning of the movement from Tientsin toward Peking, and it is said here that this is a detail that must be fixed by the military commanders upon the spot. A message came to the war department from the quartermaster on the Lenox announcing the arrival of that ship, together with the Conemaugh, at Kobe, Japan. They have aboard the mounts for the Sixth cavalry, and, although they will start for Taku at once, not less than five days will be consumed in this last stage of the voyage. It is doubtful whether Gen. Chaffee would care to leave Taku without horses for the Sixth cavalry, particularly as, according to all reports, mounted cavalry is needed for successful operations in the flat country lying between Tientsin and Taku. This fact alone may delay operations until late in the present week, though at least a portion of the international column may start on the day fixed, namely, to-day. Assurances received here show that the Japanese government is doing all in its power to facilitate the international movement, and though the goal will of the Japanese was never respected, as far as the United States is concerned, the knowledge is gratifying.

Saves the Troops. Bombay, July 29.—The rainfall in Guzerat is good and general prospects here greatly improved. The crops already sown will be saved.

Private Albert Stevens, battery A, Danville, face and hands badly burned; left arm broken and left hand partially shot away; will die.

Corporal Charles Baisley, battery A, Danville, face and breast badly burned; left arm broken, chest torn and entire body mass of bruises; will die.

Private Edward Smart, battery A, Danville, face badly burned; chest, back, arms and hands filled with powder; injuries serious.

Harry Keeler, civilian, Springfield; face, hands and neck badly burned; may lose eyesight.

Chester Hunt, Springfield, face painfully burned.

Private Albert Stevens, battery A, Danville; face and hands burned.

Private J. G. Gritton, battery A, Danville; hands and face scorched.

Sergeant Schroeder, battery A, Danville; face burned.

Harry Peters, civilian, Springfield; face burned.

Story of the Disaster. Corporal Baisley and Jesse Rupert, acting as quartermaster, were loading the evening gun, assisted by several men of battery A. A sack of powder was placed in the mouth of the cannon and Rupert was about to drive the charge home. The powder sack was too large for the gun, and in forcing it into the mouth of the cannon it was torn and some of the powder fell to the ground just below the muzzle of the cannon. Private Rupert stood facing the gun, ramrod in hand, and had the rod on the sack at the muzzle of the cannon. Baisley also faced the gun, and soldiers and civilians in some numbers were gathered around, despite the commands of the officers in charge to keep back. Suddenly some one uttered the words: "Watch them scatter!" there was a flash of powder on the ground. The flame was communicated to the powder which was being forced into the cannon and the gun was discharged, the ramrod being broken and shot several feet from the mouth of the cannon. Baisley and Rupert had their clothes blown from their bodies which were blackened by powder until they were unrecognizable. The others staggered back, burned and blinded. All of the wounded were taken to hospitals. Great excitement was caused among the large crowd of visitors. Some say it was a man in uniform who threw the cigarette, but Harry Peters, who was an eyewitness of the explosion, is of the opinion it was a small boy.

Quiet in New Orleans. Militiamen Relieved from Duty and the Special Police Have Disbanded.

New Orleans, July 29.—The city is very quiet and most of the precautionary measures have been dispensed with. Nearly all of the 1,500 militiamen have been relieved, a detail of 20 men being left at the parish prison with Gatling guns. The body of Charles was taken out to the potter's field before daylight and buried before the public knew anything about it. Sunday evening the citizens police disbanded, 50 men being detained as an emergency squad. There is considerable dispute about who killed Charles, principally between Dr. C. A. Noiret, a medical student, and a member of the citizens police, and Private Anderson, of the First regiment. Six hundred dollars in rewards hinges on the decision. The money will probably be turned over to those two men and by them donated to the fund started by Mayor Capleville for the widows of murdered policemen. Mayor Capleville rigidly enforced his order to keep saloons closed Sunday. The main results of the week's events will probably be the reorganization of the police force.

A Valuable Concession. City of Mexico, July 29.—The government federation has granted a valuable concession to A. J. Streeter, of New Windsor, Ill., for the famous Fierre river valley, in the state of Sinaloa. Fierre valley has an area of 20,000 acres, and Mr. Streeter himself owns 6,500 acres near Topolampopo bay, on the line of the proposed Kansas City, Mexico & Orient railroad. The concession grants the holder the right to use one-half of the water from the Fierre river. When the scheme is consummated it will prove of great benefit to the state.

Will Soon Resign. Syracuse, N. Y., July 29.—Commissioner of Patents Charles H. Euell contemplates resigning at an early day, to devote his entire time to private business. The salary of the commissioner of patents is \$5,000 a year, but Mr. Euell's patent practice, when he is able to give it his entire attention, is much above that figure.

Ex-Congressman Dead. Manassas, Va., July 29.—Ex-Congressman E. E. Meredith died at his home here Sunday afternoon.

## DEADLY CIGARETTE.

It Is the Cause of a Disaster at Camp Lincoln, Ill.

### CAST INTO A LOT OF LOOSE POWDER.

Causes Premature Discharge of a Cannon at Illinois National Guard Encampment—Ten Men Are Badly Wounded.

Springfield, Ill., July 29.—Ten persons were injured, two fatally, by the premature discharge of the evening gun at the national guard encampment at Camp Lincoln about five o'clock Sunday evening. The explosion was caused by some one throwing a lighted cigarette into some powder which had fallen to the ground, owing to a bag of powder being broken. The injured are:

The Victims. Private Jesse Rupert, battery A, Danville, head, chest, arms and legs terribly burned; left arm broken and left hand partially shot away; will die.

Corporal Charles Baisley, battery A, Danville, face and breast badly burned; left arm broken, chest torn and entire body mass of bruises; will die.

Private Edward Smart, battery A, Danville, face badly burned; chest, back, arms and hands filled with powder; injuries serious.

Harry Keeler, civilian, Springfield; face, hands and neck badly burned; may lose eyesight.

Chester Hunt, Springfield, face painfully burned.

Private Albert Stevens, battery A, Danville; face and hands burned.

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## INCREASE OF WAGES

### Results of McKinley's Policy of "Opening the Mills."

Two Hundred Factories Paid Out Twice as Much Money in Wages Last Year as They Did in 1891.

Akron, O.—"In the campaign of 1890 Mr. McKinley made one remark that went to the hearts of the people from one end of the country to the other. It was: 'Open the mills,'" said Gen. Charles Dick, secretary of the republican national committee.

"These three words met with a responsive chord from the tens of thousands who had been idle during the last democratic administration, and the empty dinner pail brigade went to the polls and voted for a full dinner pail and for the opening of the mills."

"In order to gain some idea of the effect of restoring the home market to our own people, the republican national committee sent out blanks to members of the National Association of Manufacturers asking them to kindly furnish us with the number of men whom they had employed in each year from 1891 to 1899, inclusive, as well as with the total amount of wages which they had paid during the same years."

"We have received 200 replies. These show that there was a steady increase in the number of hands employed in the 200 factories until the year 1893, after which there was an immediate drop of 10,000 men in 1894. But under President McKinley's administration the in-

crease in the number of men employed by these same factories has been startling. In 1891 they employed 90,482; in 1897 they employed 109,600; in 1898 they employed 131,425 men, and last year they employed 174,645 men. In short, the number of wage-earners employed by these same 200 factories has increased from 90,483 men in 1891 up to 174,645 last year—almost doubled, in fact.

But the contrast is even more striking when applied to the amount of wages paid, and the following table shows the returns received from the 200 manufacturers:

Year.	Wages Paid.
1891	\$11,197,724
1892	12,525,431
1893	13,625,413
1894	14,625,413
1895	15,625,413
1896	16,625,413
1897	17,625,413
1898	18,625,413
1899	19,625,413
Average	15,625,413
1890-1899 inclusive	\$1,562,541,300
1891-1899 inclusive	1,462,541,300
1892-1899 inclusive	1,362,541,300

"The amount of wages paid by these same 200 manufacturers increased steadily from 1891 to 1892, then there was a drop in 1893 and another drop in 1894. During the next two years wages picked up, but it was not until 1897 that these same manufacturers were paying out as much money in wages as they had paid in 1892. The increase of their pay rolls in 1893 and 1899 is as gratifying to me as it must be to the men who are now busy at good wages."

"Between 1891 and 1899 the 200 manufacturers of the National association who reported to us had increased their pay rolls by upwards of \$58,000,000—in fact, the amount of wages which they distributed last year was almost double what they paid out in 1891."

"If this ratio of increase were applied to the whole country, without taking into account the number of new factories that have been started in the last few years, who can deny that general prosperity has visited the country? And what a depth of meaning those three words: 'Open the mills,' uttered by Mr. McKinley less than four years ago, has really conveyed."

When Our Credit Is Good. American credit stands higher than that of any other nation.—Republican Platform.

It was not so when the last democratic president was trying to borrow money in England.

Solid for Silver. Bryan is the candidate of three parties whose only sentiment in common is love for free silver. Yet we are told that silver is not an issue in the present campaign.

Against American Labor. Boss Bryan's demo-pop party favors free trade, which means work for foreign labor and not for American labor.

## TRADE BALANCES.

Apparent and Real Favorable Balances of American Foreign Trade.

Nothing so perpetuates the debtor condition of the United States as its annual payment to foreign shipowners of some \$200,000,000 each year. When to that amount is added the sum paid for insurance, banking and exchange to foreigners because they control the means of transporting our exports and imports, the cash or its equivalent in our products annually drawn from the United States largely exceeds \$200,000,000. To so legislate as to foster an immense shipowning and shipbuilding industry in the United States—sufficient to enable our own people to carry our imports and exports in American ships—would be equivalent to securing the retention at home of a minimum sum of \$200,000,000 each year that now goes out of the country to afford employment to aliens at our expense. To keep such a vast sum at home would rapidly transform the United States into a creditor nation.

During the last four years the apparent balance of trade in favor of the United States has closely approximated to two thousand millions of dollars. Were that an actual rather than an apparent favorable trade balance we would soon cease to be a debtor nation. But when we deduct about one-half of that trade balance because of the payment made to foreign shipowners, bankers and insurance companies, and again deduct the large but unknown amounts consisting of interest due foreigners on in-

SHOO, BOSSY!



restments in the United States, money spent abroad by Americans and the sums remitted by immigrants, we find our favorable trade balance dwindles down to very small proportions. As a consequence, we are but slowly emerging from our condition of foreign indebtedness.

Free silver advocates must see, however, the golden opportunity our present enormous exports in excess of imports gives us to once and for all free ourselves from foreign indebtedness. Did our own people but earn the \$200,000,000 or more each year now paid to foreigners for charges incident to the carriage of our imports and exports, European gold would be forced into the United States at an enormous rate to meet the balances due us, or else Europeans would send back to us the American securities which they now hold in such enormous sums and which at present keep the country a debtor nation.

We have in the past forty years paid to foreigners easily four thousand millions of dollars for doing our foreign carrying, a sum that has gone out and stayed out of the country to its permanent impoverishment. Our national wealth today is all of four thousand millions of dollars less than it would have been had American ships carried the same proportion of our foreign commerce during the past forty years that they did during the preceding seventy years. More than that, to keep on paying foreigners at the rate we are now doing for the carriage of our imports and exports will during the next quarter of a century alone, take out of the United States fully five thousand millions of dollars additional.

Not only will the country be drained of this colossal amount, but American labor in the mines, the mills, the factories, the shipyards and on board the ships will be denied the employment incident to the building of ships, from the mining of the ore and the felling of the forests to the completed ships.

The passage of the shipping bill, which will quickly put an end to our present dangerous and impoverishing dependence upon foreign shipping for our foreign carrying, should, for the reasons outlined, if not for the very many others unstated for lack of space, command the active support of not only every monometallist, but of every bimetalist in the United States.

Something Like Greaser. There is no serious danger that Bryan's military history will overlook the ticket with militarism. It will be remembered that he resigned just before his regiment was ordered to the front.

## WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Wisconsin Banks.

The semiannual report of State Bank Examiner E. I. Kidd states that the total deposits of the state and private banks of Wisconsin have increased over \$1,200,000 and the loans over \$1,200,000. There are now 137 state and 127 private banks operating in the state. Since the first of the year new state banks have been opened at Belmont, Iron River, Montello and Stanley and new private banks at Cobb, Giddens, Hillsboro, Otero, Redtown, Rice Lake and Westfield.

Escaped Cremation.

The family of John Loy, in South Madison, was saved from probable cremation by the explosion of a loaded shotgun. A fire that broke out in the house from some unknown cause at 3:20 o'clock at night spread until the flames enveloped the gun and ignited the powder it contained. The discharge awoke the family of five members just in time to save them from death.

Given Fifteen Years.

Joseph R. Clements, of La Crosse, has been sentenced to serve 15 years in the state's prison of Minnesota for wrecking the Filmore County Bank of Preston, Minnesota. He was tried on two indictments, and found guilty on both. He was sentenced to five years on the first, and Judge Kingsley overruled a motion for a new trial in the second case and sentenced him to ten years more.

Train Wreckers Foiled.

Sometime during the night 13 ties were planted on the railroad tracks five miles south of Three Lakes. Alex Swan, a laborer at Wilson & Co's camp, Stella Junction, was going to town early and removed the obstruction just in time to prevent a passenger train from striking it. Swan also removed a number of large rocks from a bridge a short distance north.

Saved His Child.

An eagle measuring 6 feet 1½ inches from tip to tip of wings was killed by T. Smith, a farmer living in the town of Shelyogan Falls. While at work he saw the great bird fly close to his children and clasp his daughter Mary, aged three years. The man secured a rifle and shot the eagle. The child and bird fell to the ground, the child not being injured.

Crop Outlook.

The weekly crop report of the Washington weather bureau says for Wisconsin:

Heavy to excessive rains in southern and central counties delayed haying and harvesting and did some damage to grain in shock; corn making excellent growth; prospect for large crop good; oats and barley ripe; tobacco growing rapidly; cranberries injured to some extent by frost on June 20; apples falling; crop not large.

Died on His Wife's Grave.

Herman Reichert, of Manitowoc, committed suicide by taking poison. His body was found at Evergreen cemetery on the grave of his former wife, who died several years ago. Reichert was married the second time about 2 years ago. He leaves two sons, aged 12 and 13. No cause can be assigned for his deed. He was 40 years of age.

Dropped Dead.

At La Crosse Prof. E. A. Bach, a member of the La Crosse baseball team, dropped dead from heart failure in the field just before the game between Winona, Minn., and La Crosse had been called. He had been practicing in center field, and his exertions, together with the heat, brought on the fatal attack.

Young Girls Drown.

Mabel Jarties, aged 11 years, of Milwaukee, and Beatrice Pearson, aged 12 years, of St. Paul, were drowned in the river at Two Rivers. They were walking along the boomstick when they both fell in the water, and as the current was strong they were carried down.

The News Conferred.

The body of Amil Fehring, aged 37, who had been missing from Manitowoc for over ten days, was found in the Northwestern slip near the lake front. He leaves a wife and several small children.

The post office at Bern, Green county, has been discontinued; mail will be sent to Stewart. Also the post office at Homestead, Forence county. Mail to Iron Mountain, Mich.

Louis Bell, of Merrill, has been missing several days. He had considerable money with him when last seen and it is feared that he was murdered and robbed.

Four hundred citizens have petitioned the mayor to close the saloons at West Superior at the hours designated by the state laws.

A new crematory built in Peshtigo and the first one erected in Marinette county has begun operations.

H. Mirrow, a prominent merchant in Sparta, was hanged out of \$250 by a young man.

John Kerpers, aged 31, of the town of Scott, dropped dead in the field while haying with some of his men.

Mrs. Aaron Teel, of Baraboo, is one of one heirs to a fortune of about \$200,000 left by the death of her brother in California.

Fifteen children between the ages of 12 and two years were poisoned in Milwaukee by the eating of a quantity of castor-oil beans. All recovered.

Harple & Maler, clothiers in Milwaukee, have filed a petition in bankruptcy. The liabilities are placed at \$20,013 and assets at \$22,220.

Sergt. Albert H. Cockayne, member of the United States signal corps, who was reported killed in the Philippines, June 20, was an Appleton boy.

## CURRENT EVENTS.

The massacre of 100 native converts at Kwang-Hsi-Pu reported officially. The latter murder trial has come to a sudden halt, owing to the illness of a juror.

The shah of Persia arrived in Paris and was received with military honors by President Loubet.

Louis Vahon, president of a Chicago mail order house, has been indicted for the embezzlement of \$15,000.

Emperor William's speech to the soldiers comprising the China expedition is criticized by the majority of the Berlin papers.

Gen. Leonard Wood, military governor of Cuba, who has been in the United States for about a fortnight, sailed on the Mexico Saturday for Havana.

Lady Randolph Churchill and Lieut. George Cornwallis West were married in London Saturday. The bride received many valuable presents.

The authorities in southern Arizona are making arrangements to raid Mexican and American desperadoes who have been committing numerous depredations.

A missionary who tried in vain to enter Peking says that the city is surrounded by imperial troops, and it was reported that firing on the legations ceased July 10.

Mrs. Mary Long, postmistress at Charlottesville, Va., died Saturday in a Brooklyn hospital, aged 50 years. She was the widow of Gen. A. L. Long, of the confederate army.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, has left Chicago, having utterly failed in his mission to make peace between the contractors and the building workmen.

The treasury receipts of the Philippine Islands during May, according to a statement made Saturday by the division of customs and insular affairs of the war department, were \$26,230.

A launch loaded with pleasure-seekers collided with a large in White river, near Black Rock, Arkansas, Friday night, and sank. John Wyckersham, recently from Kansas City, was drowned.

The crack team from the Kansas City fire department, which is going to Paris to show European fire Americans fight fire, sailed from New York Saturday on the Anchor line steamship Furber.

The state closed its case in the trial of Caleb Powers, ex-secretary of state of Kentucky, charged with being accessory of the murder of William Goetz. The defendant will take the stand in his own behalf.

Reports from the gold mines recently discovered in Hawkins county, Tenn., state that assays of gold found there show \$90 per ton, and that one of this rich value is in great abundance. Prospectors have not yet been able to ascertain the magnitude of the vein.

Richard D. Yelland, the distinguished landscape artist, died of pneumonia at his residence in Oakland, Cal., after an illness of several months. He was a native of England, aged 52 years. His work ranks among the best ever done on the Pacific coast.

Trains Collide.

Serious Disaster Is Reported to Have Occurred in Michigan—one Killed and Nine Wounded.

Detroit, Mich., July 20.—Section 1 of the Buffalo Bill with west shows train suffered a severe collision near Milwaukee Junction shortly before daylight Sunday, resulting in the smashing of a show employees' car containing some 40 sleeping inmates. Edward Sullivan is dead and nine others are in Detroit hospitals suffering from more or less serious injuries. The Wild West company gave its exhibition at Ypsilanti on Saturday and shows at Pontiac today. At the time of the collision the train, consisting of 20 wagon and stock cars, four of the show's sleeping cars and a Grand Trunk caboose, was being transferred from the Michigan Central to the Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee road. The train was being pushed backward from the "Y" at the Milwaukee junction when it was struck by an outgoing Grand Trunk freight train. The caboose was jammed into and forced on top of Buffalo Bill's employees' sleeper No. 56, which was filled with sleeping tent and canvas men. When the uninjured men had recovered from the shock the wrecked sleeper was chopped open and the injured gradually gotten out. The car was a complete wreck, excepting at one end.

OUR POPULATION.

It Is Estimated That the Late Census Will Show It to Be 77,000,000.

Washington, July 20.—Director of the Census Merriam says that over 10,000,000 names have been counted by the force in the census office. The accounts of enumerators are now being settled at the rate of 100 a day. Ten thousand enumerators have received the balance due them and their accounts are closed. Eleven hundred young women are employed in tabulating the returns from enumerators. Each operator on the punching machine is expected to finish 60 cards each day. It is estimated that the population of the United States will be between 75,000,000 and 77,000,000. Some of the officials, however, believe the total population will not exceed 72,000,000. The complete returns will be given out about December 1.

Well-Known Jurist Dead.

Detroit, Mich., July 20.—Ex-Judge Fitzwilliam H. Chambers, one of the most prominent members of the Detroit bar and ex-judge of the Wayne circuit court and recorder's court of this city, died Sunday of paralysis, aged 67 years. Judge Chambers was born at Black Lake, N. Y., and removed when quite young to Canada, studied law and served four years in parliament. In 1857 he came to Detroit and at once took a prominent place at the bar. A widow survives him.

Killed by Lightning.

Little Rock, Ark., July 20.—James L. Fitzgerald, paymaster in the office of the treasurer of the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad, was instantly killed by lightning during a terrific storm Sunday afternoon. He was walking along the street with his brother and Pat Sullivan when struck. Mr. Sullivan was badly injured and Mr. Fitzgerald's brother was knocked down. Fitzgerald's clothes were entirely torn off and his body disfigured.

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The greater part of standing timber in England is leech to-day.

The city of Cleveland is the first to create a department whose sole object is the abatement of the smoke nuisance.

Under favorable conditions of peace the death rate of soldiers is about five in 1000. The death rate of clergymen is 11 in 1000.

The pearl fishing industry of western Australia is of considerable extent, many fine pearls being obtained every year. The average value of each pearl, several thousands of which are obtained annually, is about \$5.

Indians are making rapid strides in the paths of education. The Chickasaws have five colleges and the Creeks have ten. The Choctaws have no colleges, but have 100 common schools in which the higher branches are taught.

The Tennessee state board of health has adopted resolutions declaring tuberculosis a contagious and infectious disease, and directing that all inmates of state institutions afflicted with it be isolated in rooms or wards set aside for such patients.

J. B. Gaylord, better known as "Bernie" Gaylord, who died in Iowa recently, was one of the best known circus men in the country. He had traveled around the world nine times and twice took circuses to Australia. He personally assisted in the capture of the largest tiger ever taken into captivity. His greatest feat was securing the famous white elephant in Siam and in getting it out of the country after the king had made an edict forbidding its removal.

A curious accident occurred at Boulder, Col. The brake on a tank car loaded with sulphuric acid refused to work, and the car went down a grade. Whistles were blown, and the switchman saw the train in time to shunt it onto a side track. The tank car struck a box car loaded with household goods; a tank car, which contained about 4500 gallons of the acid, slid off the platform car and was telescoped into the box car. The acid began to escape and ruined the furniture and made a great pool in the yard, temporarily preventing the passing of trains to obtain freight. The loss amounted to several thousand dollars, says the Railway Review.

SLY OLD LI HUNG CHANG.

How the Famous Chinese Minister Proved the Guilt of Would-be Poisoners.

Many residents of Chicago will remember the visit of Li Hung Chang to this city during the aged Chinese minister's tour of the United States. His quaint observations on men and things were distinguished by wonderful shrewdness, which shows itself in everything that the old man says or does. A characteristic story is now in circulation regarding him. He was engaged in a bitter fight with some of the more conservative members of the tsung-li-yamen, when he received as a present a magnificent but, as he had every reason to believe, a poisoned cake. He put the cake aside and set all his people upon the cake. They were all killed. He then took the cake and ate it himself. He was not hurt. He then took the cake and ate it himself. He was not hurt. He then took the cake and ate it himself. He was not hurt.

Li cut the cake and one of his servants handed it to the unwilling guests. Each took a piece and ate, or pretended to eat. One crumbled the pieces and let them fall to the floor, but the other two ate calmly, without manifesting any emotion. Ten minutes and the two men began to show symptoms of suffering. Li smiled benignantly and said to the man who had not eaten:

"Your wisdom is so great that I am compelled to preserve your head as a souvenir to transcendence genius."

The man was removed and promptly decapitated. To the other two the premier remarked:

"The cake that you are eating is not the one you sent, but one which I had my cook imitate. The poison from which you are suffering exists only in your imagination. I know of no way to cure your present pain except by letting you share the fate of your friend who has just left the room."

Not to Be Discouraged.

"Polite society" is often at its wits' end to devise means of getting rid of people who are not wanted as callers or visitors, but who will not take a hint for polite society cannot say in so many words: "I do not want you to come again." A French paper repeats this dialogue between two ladies:

"And so you still receive that dreadful Mme. Comergaigne?"

"Impossible to get her to take a hint. Do you know, the last time she called I never offered her a chair?"

"And what was the result?"

"Result? Why, the next time she came she brought a folded camp stool!"—Youth's Companion.

## PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

She—"How happy you must be." He—"Why?" She—"You're in love with yourself and without a rival on earth."—The King.

The Man on the Wheel—"Why don't you call your dog off?" The Man on Foot—"Cause that ain't his name."—Indianapolis News.

"I'd like to be more common," protested the Checks. "It's the fault of the revenue laws that I am so stuck up!" This in answer to the taunts of the Bank Bills and the Coins; for money will talk.—Detroit Journal.

"What makes the Armless Wonder so surly this morning?" asked the Living Skeleton of the Fat Lady. "The Snake Charmer got him to go and have his fortune told, and after he had paid his fee at the door he discovered that the fortune-teller was a palmist."—Baltimore American.

"Theasy Lies the Head."—"Gee, whiz! What's the matter with you?" exclaimed the trainer. "You certainly don't look fit to compete in to-day's games."—"No," sadly replied the champion athlete. "I ab-ent-mindedly wore my laurels to bed with me last night."—Philadelphia Press.

Editor—"The reason for declining the story was because we want nothing in a novel that is beyond the probable." Scribbler—"But what is the improbable passage?" Editor—"Don't you say that your heroine has 'pined for years with an unrevealed secret?'"—Nashville American.

Mr. Biggs—"If I were Vandkye, I should get a divorce at once." Mrs. Biggs—"Why?" Mr. Biggs—"She won't let him smoke in the house." Mrs. Biggs—"Why, I thought you attended his smoker last night." Mr. Biggs—"I did. It was a smokeless smoker."—Ohio State Journal.

Mrs. Briske—"Johnny, did the doctor call while I was out?" Little Johnny (stopping his play)—"Yes'm. He felt my pulse an' looked at my tongue, and shook his head, and said it was a very serious case, and he left this paper, and said he'd call again before night." Mrs. Briske—"Gracious me. It wasn't you I sent him to see; it was the baby."—Pick-Me-Up.

MAY SHED LIGHT ON CRIMES.

Dark Island in Missouri River the Scene of Bloody Deeds to Be Cleared of Timber.

A large wooded island in the Missouri river, near the Lyman county line, South Dakota, that has been the scene of many bloody deeds during the last three-quarters of a century, is about to be converted to the use of civilized man by having a large sawmill erected upon it, says a recent report.

In early days it was known to the whites as "Dark Island." For nearly 20 years preceding 1890 its only occupant was Frank Phelps, and it was known as Phelps' Island.

It was on this island that two Jesuit missionaries lost their lives in 1845. They had come out to work among Indians, and crossed over to the island to consult White Eagle, a Sioux chief who lived there. This was the last seen of them. Some years afterward the Indians of this tribe used to display two white men's scalps with long, black hair, and it is thought they were taken from the two Jesuits.

A few years later a party of emigrants found this a convenient place to cross the Missouri, but nothing was ever heard of them after they reached the island.

In 1893, at the time when the federal government was converting the Rosebud Indian reservation into organized counties, Phelps occupied the island. At that time Mat Matson, a Swede, who lived on the west bank of the river, directly opposite Phelps' shanty, was murdered in front of his own door. Henry Schroeder, who was at that time employed by Phelps in cutting wood for the steamboats, was accused of the crime. He was arrested and confessed his part in the murder, but implicated Phelps as the instigator of the crime. Schroeder is now serving the seventh year of a life sentence in the state penitentiary at Sioux Falls.

Phelps was arrested and in the long trial that followed spent all that he was worth. He was found guilty, however, and was sentenced to life imprisonment. He appealed his case to the supreme court, and on the very day on which the opinion of that court was handed down affirming the decision of the lower court, Phelps suddenly died in his cell in the jail at Alexandria.

It is thought that in cutting down the giant trees and in clearing off the land where so many dark deeds have been committed, evidence will appear that will throw light upon many mysteries which surround the spot.

Liquid Air at Low Pressure.

By the new process invented by Prof. Raoult Pictet, of Geneva, air can be liquefied, in large quantities, at a pressure of only 15 pounds to the square inch. An initial supply of liquid air, produced at a much higher pressure, is required to put the apparatus in action. Experimentally, the process can be shown by means of a glass bulb containing air previously liquefied, in which is immersed a glass worm, connected at one end with a rubber tube through which air is driven, and at the other end with a stop cock. When air is forced through the worm, it liquefies in consequence of the intense cold, and flows out in a stream when the stop cock is opened. With a 200 horse power plant to furnish the initial supply of air, Prof. Pictet claims that he can produce 1,000,000 cubic feet of oxygen and 2,000,000 of nitrogen, besides one short ton of solid carbon dioxide, in 24 hours. The chief object of the process is the production of oxygen and nitrogen at a cheap rate for industrial uses.—Youth's Companion.



# THE NEW NORTH. HAWAII IS REPRESENTED

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

For President—  
WILLIAM MCKINLEY.  
For Vice-President—  
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.  
For Member of Congress—  
WEBSTER B. BROWN.  
For State Senator—  
DANIEL E. RIORIAN.  
For Member of Assembly—  
NATHAN E. LANE.

WISCONSIN LIFE INSURANCE.  
Insurance Commissioner Emil Giljohann has sent out his annual report on the life and casualty insurance companies operating in Wisconsin.

The report is a voluminous book of 600 pages and is devoted almost entirely to statistical tables, showing the individual and aggregate liabilities, assets, income, disbursements, number of old and new policies and similar information concerning the different companies that operated in the state during the past year, and to the annual reports of these companies.

The total receipts of the department during the year were \$353,453.19 of which sum the fire and marine companies paid \$121,999.53, and life \$216,610.18, the casualty and surety \$40,644.48, the assessment, life and accident and fraternal \$8,929.40, the hail and cyclone \$179, and miscellaneous \$55.65. The increase in receipts for the year was \$148,673.76.

The report says that there was 122 life and casualty insurance companies in this and other states operating in Wisconsin during the past year. The life companies during the period issued 14,008 policies in this state carrying \$53,497,550 in risks, received \$5,003,360.07 in premiums and paid claims amounting to \$1,605,296.47.

The fidelity and casualty companies wrote risks aggregating \$55,511,265 during the year and received \$411,899.42 in premiums. Of their total losses of \$195,573.61 they paid \$178,137.32.

In this state the stipulated premium life companies paid policy holders \$148,450 and received from assessments \$207,501.64; the assessment life associations paid \$225,744 and collected \$253,535; the assessment accident associations paid \$61,303.40 and collected \$107,661.62; the fraternal beneficial societies paid \$1,179,811.95 and collected \$1,273,783.25.

The increase in the number of risks written by the life insurance companies was \$13,510,701, making a total of \$133,959,200 in straight life insurance carried in these corporations by Wisconsin people.

The increase in fraternal beneficial society risks during the year was \$22,487,875, making the total value of policies in the state \$156,333,300.

Voters will have no difficulty in determining the position of the two great parties on the question of building up our mercantile marine. The Democrats favor the purchase of foreign-built ships, and the Republicans favor the construction of American ships. Republicans are for American employment and construction. Democrats are for foreign employment and construction. Republican success will mean the retention of \$200,000,000 in the United States that we now annually pay to foreign shipowners for doing our foreign carrying. Democratic success means the continuation of the foreign (chiefly British) monopoly of our foreign carrying.

Old soldiers should remember that in 1894, under President Cleveland's democratic administration, the pension roll was reduced by \$16,820,000. During the fiscal year just ended the pension bureau has issued 100,000 certificates, and payments for the year on account of pensions will exceed \$110,000,000.

Speaking of the effect of the Foraker bill upon Cuba and the Cubans, "La Lucha," published in Havana, says: "It has been of untold benefit to the island, and will stand as a monument to the sincerity of purpose on the part of the American government."

Since Mr. Bryan began to tell the people four years ago that what they wanted was more money, they have added at the rate of \$135,210,000 annually to the circulating medium.

Under McKinley prosperity the Nebraska delegation to the Democratic convention was able to pay \$100 a day for headquarters at Kansas City, in addition to paying board at a first-class hotel.

Horsemen From the Newly Acquired Territory are Now With Buffalo Bill's Wild West—Here Aug. 9.

There is not a more welcome visitor here than is Col. Cody (Buffalo Bill) and his Wild West and Congress of Rough Riders of the World. Every year there is plenty in this exhibition to warrant a visit, and the new features added always prove of an educational merit. This season is no exception to the past and the management announce many of the new things from a historical point of view. The exhibition appears here on Aug. 9. One performance only.

There will be a grand production of the heroic charge up San Juan Hill. In order that this event shall be made as realistic as possible, Col. Cody has secured a detachment of Roosevelt's Rough Riders who took part in this battle and who will appear in the New York production. Among those who will take part are Tom Ickel, whose name is in history as having fired the first shot at Santiago, and who received in return eight bullets and was thought to be dead; William McGinty, whom Col. Roosevelt in his magazine article refers to as having showed much bravery, and who was also wounded; Bill Cline and Walter M. Cook, a scout, who also carries scars from their experience with the Spaniards; Sergeant Gerald A. Webb, who was injured, will also participate. In addition to many others, all of whom served under the command of Col. Roosevelt. The entire force of the company will be brought together in this latest addition to the Wild West.

For the first time, Philippine horsemen and women will be seen in their own style of riding and sport. The Hawaiians, composed of men and women, have a peculiar style of riding and whose religious dancing is a revelation to the American public. Porto Ricans and Cubans, who have fought in different battles, the Queen's Own Lancers, German Cuirassiers, Arabs, United States Artillerymen and Cavalrymen, South American Gauchos, Cowboys on bucking broncos, Sioux Indians, and others. Annie Oakley, who will do some new tricks in the shooting line; Johnnie Baker, who is an expert marksman, and the only Buffalo Bill. There will be a grand street parade on the day of the exhibition.

DESERVE FULL HOUSE.  
"A Wise Woman" at the Grand, Wednesday Evening, August 29.

Fred G. Conrad, manager of "A Wise Woman" company, the attraction announced for Wednesday, Aug. 29, at the Grand opera house tells of the selling of a justice of the peace in an Indiana town, that for originality and uniqueness has probably been equalled, and will probably be the means of establishing a precedent in legal affairs, especially in the locality where it occurred. It seems that a party or parties had been infesting the town on dark and gloomy nights, stopping young ladies and girls and going so far as to kiss and embrace them. On the night that the company played the town it transpired in some way that Miss Marie Lamour, of the company, was compelled to go from the theater to the hotel without an escort. It so happened that she fell into the clutches of this "Jack the Kisser," but her screams brought several citizens to the rescue, and the miscreant was taken before the justice of peace, charged with the offense of kissing a lady "by force and violence and against her will." The young lady, who is very handsome, gave her testimony in a modest and straight forward manner, after which "His Worship" gave the following decision: "The Court in the case sympathizes with the defendant and will therefore discharge him without a fine, imprisonment or reprimand, because the Court, while the case has been in progress, has been obliged to hold on to both arms of his chair in order to keep from kissing the complainant himself."

For Sale.  
My residence property at mouth of Pelican river, with acres of farming land will be sold reasonable, also timber lands in different parts of Oregon county. Inquire of J. C. CURRAN, 31-A22-p.

For Sale, Wood.  
The wood from three forty of land within one mile of the city, will be sold to parties cheap in tracts of 2.5 or 10 acres with three year privilege of use. Terms very easy. Inquire of BARNES & STAPLETON, Aug. 21.

Notice to Mothers.  
Mrs. Edna Daily wishes to announce that she will take care of children on Aug. 9 the day of Buffalo Bill's show, for mothers who may wish to attend the performance. Rooms up stairs, opposite Rapids House.

Notice.  
Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the undersigned secretary of the board of education of the city of Rhinelander, at the office of the City Clerk of said city, until August 11, 1900 at 12 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of painting each of the following school buildings in said city, McFarland Annex, Curran and South Park. Said buildings to be painted two coats, with St. Louis Red Seal, white lead and oil.

The board of education reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Dated July 21, 1900.  
Wm. W. Carr, Sec'y. Bd. of Education.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Denver.

Very low excursion rates to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo via Chicago, Union Pacific and North-Western Line, on June 19, 20, July 3, 9, 17 and August 1, 7 and 21, good returning until October 31, also very low rates on same dates to Glenwood Springs, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Deadwood and Hot Springs. Quickest time. Best service. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

## Lay Sermon.

And look that thou make them after the pattern, which was showed thee in the Mount. Exodus, 25-40.

Moses was divinely commanded to receive an offering from the Israelites. He was not to demand it indiscriminately, but "of every man, that giveth it willingly with his heart ye shall take my offering." The purpose of this offering was to build a sanctuary and furnish it with all the paraphernalia of religious service. It was not a levy or assessment. It was to be entirely voluntary. Moreover, it was not to be accepted from everybody, only those who had the willing heart and open hand. "The Lord loveth a cheerful giver," and, for as good reasons, He must hate a grudging giver. Some people dole out a dollar as if it were a coin dropped into the contribution box, or handed out on subscription, and left that from its rough handling, the bird of freedom upon it would never again be able to flap its wings. I have often wondered whether money grudgingly given or service unwillingly rendered ever did any good. It is said that "one man's money is as good as another's." That is true so far as purchasing power goes. It may also be true in some other respects. But it is not true as to its effect on character. The reluctant giver is simply fostering the elements of miserly character. The receiver of serried bounty humiliates himself, dulls the fine edge of honor, and impairs the inspiration and consequently the power of benevolence.

But these remarks with reference to giving are only incidental. The subject is patterns. Moses was enjoined to make the tabernacle and all its adornments and paraphernalia after the patterns which were shown him on Mount Sinai. For a primitive people, long held in subjection and hedged in by alien environments, attractive and brilliant object lessons in worship are doubtless necessary. But for peoples whose lives have unfolded and developed in the pure atmosphere of freedom, whose consciousness has been awakened by moral teaching and reflection, no gorgeous accessories are needed. And yet the command comes to build according to pattern. We cannot set up our individual tastes of ideas and make them the models of our religion. In other words, you cannot stand or work alone. Individual effort is of course essential, but it must be in something that has had exposition. You cannot make your own patterns of faith. If each man should be a faithful unto himself, the strength of union would be lost, and life would be a haphazard of contention and incongruous forces. We can all be teachers, yet we must all be learners. The greatest of the great have sat at somebody's feet. Humility first, greatness afterwards. "Who so humbleth himself shall be exalted." The man who is not teachable never can be wise. Great men can be self made, never self taught. They must have patterns for their learning, for the foundation of their moral being and the superstructure they erect upon it. Do you know, brother, that you cannot imitate a single ethical or religious principle for which there is not a pattern in written law? The dialogue and the sermon on the Mount cover the whole science of moral and christian character building. They furnish the patterns by which all character must be built if built at all. You can't get outside or beyond them. No use trying to be original in the line of religion or morals. Many have attempted it, but their isms have been but mistle in the moral atmosphere, floating a moment then disappearing. Now, my christian brother, don't attempt to invent a religious character. If you do you will botch it. It may be straight on one side, but it will be bent or shaky on the other. Don't imagine that you have an infallible genius for construction that will enable you to build without help or advice. Just sit down and select your patterns from the inexhaustible stock which divine wisdom offers without money and without price. You will find them suited to all tastes and needs, adjusted to every phase of character, fitted to meet or correct every idiosyncrasy.

Every body would act upon that principle, what a realm the christian world would be! No more stinging of charity. No more reluctance in duty. No more exhibitions of selfishness or pitiless criticisms, or absurd jealousies. The title of "brother" would be something more than conventional, the hand shake more than mechanical. Work would be not only duty but pleasure, and the cause which we all profess to love so dearly would be grandly triumphant. Let's try it.

But the same principle applies to the making of all character. We cannot expect to make all life a series of church work. We must allow and provide for relaxation, amusement, intellectual development, cultivation of beauty, social enjoyment, everything good that enters into the construction of symmetrical and healthful life. And here again you must build by patterns. They are plenty of them. No need of going amiss or astray. The past and the present are full of good men and women whose examples are free. Life has millions of first class patterns. From them you shall find that nothing need be in vain. Laughter and sighs, smiles and tears, joy and sorrow, prosperity and adversity, all have their sweet uses, all are factors in shaping character.

I think that a skilled physiognomist can tell at a glance what kind of patterns young people have utilized. Young man, as you move along life's crowded thoroughfare, don't imagine that you are concealed in the throng. You can't hide your identity if you would. There are sharp eyes whose glance can detect an atom, and you are more than an atom. They are kindly, not critical eyes. But rest assured they will see your very self. If you are mercenary or heartless if you prefer life's vanities to its solidities; if the color of your necktie gives you more concern than the cultivation of your mind; if you bank more on a shapely leg than on a symmetrical character, you will be found out and given your proper rating.

Young woman, don't flatter yourself that you are exempted from the iron clad rules that regulate life. The same unerring eyes are upon you. Do you prefer vanity to alertness? Are you more familiar with your looking glass than with nature's mirror? Do you consider constancy an antiquated virtue? Are you of the opinion that all the good patterns of life are merged in modern fashion? And do you imagine that the practical application of such a creed makes you beautiful? Not if the Lord sees straight. You will find, I can carry such ideas to their logical conclusion, that your patterns are broken, your idols clay, and that life has nothing for you but tasks.

Let us all think seriously of these things. There is something for us all to do. There is success for all. We can choose our models from an innumerable throng. What if we don't do as much as others? Our best will be accepted and rewarded, and if we do our best, we shall find, when our work is done, that the "well done" will be spoken as kindly and heartily to us as to those who, with more talents, have accomplished more. So mote it be.

## A Good Breakfast

to most Americans included a fine cup of coffee. To a growing number of our people tea is as welcome in the morning as at night—especially the Ceylon (English breakfast brand.) We are in position to please all tastes, for the reason that we have the best of both. Dainty, tasty and wholesome breakfast foods of all kinds.

B. L. HERR.



## New Fruit Green Vegetables

RICHARDS & KINGSBURY.

No. 225 Brown St. RHINELANDER, WIS.

# ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY Rhinelanders, AUG. 9 Thursday,

THE HERO HORSEMAN OF TWO HEMISPHERES

"Last Year's Wonders all Surpassed,  
Last and Best and Best at Last."

A PRE-BABEL CONGREGATION OF MEN

REPRESENTING  
All Races, All Nations, All Tongues.

"The Proper Study of Mankind is Man."  
The living, breathing, geographical drama of the world, Courage, Dash, Daring and Skill



CONGRESS OF ROUGH RIDERS of the WORLD

Comprising a myriad of anthropological studies and an exposition of brilliant military evolutions, together with an equestrian exhibition world-wide.

UNDER THE PERSONAL COMMAND OF

Col. Wm. F. Cody---BUFFALO BILL  
600 MEN! 500 HORSES!

The program replete with thrilling historical episodes, contests in skill and daring, feats of horsemanship and marksmanship, including a reproduction of that superlatively superior and accurately detailed BATTLE SCENE, representing the patriots, inspiring and thrilling

CHARGE UP SAN JUAN HILL

By Roosevelt's Rough Riders

Col. U. S. Regular and Volunteer Soldiers (white and colored) and Veterans of the Cuban Army, genuine participants in the actual fighting at Santiago.

American Cowboys In feats of horsemanship and sports of the plains. Riding bucking horses, picking objects from the ground while at full gallop, etc., etc.

Mexican Vacqueros In national pastimes, lariat throwing and riding. SENSITIVIST PHOTOGRAPHY, the world's unrivaled manipulator of the rope.

Miss Annie Oakley (Little Sure Shot), in feats of skill with rifle, pistol and shotgun.

South American Gauchos Illustrating the horsemanship and lasso throwing indigenous to natives of the Pampas of the Argentine.

Russian Cossacks The Free Lancers of the Russian Steppes in picturesque presentations of daring riding, native dances, hand-to-hand combat, horsemanship, balancing on feet and head, and other startling positions, sword exercises in rapid action.

Riffian Arabs Sons of the boundless desert, in pyramidal building, tumbling, gun training and acrobatic feats of surpassing skill, strength and agility.

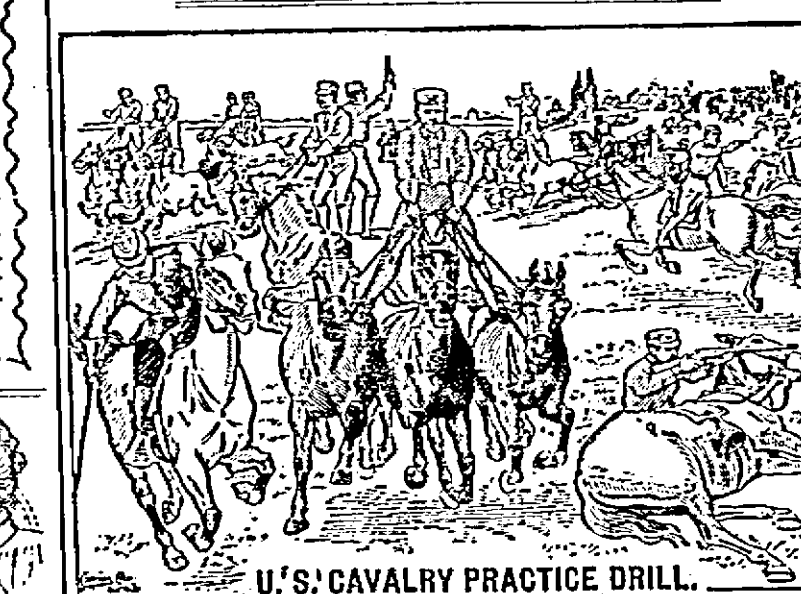
Johnnie Baker In feats of shooting at moving objects while in various natural and awkward positions, such as are attempted by no other marksman.

Our Insular Brothers Philippine, Hawaiian, Cuban and Porto Rican. Representative bodies of Islanders in native dress, illustrating native habits and pastimes, from the recent additions to the Orient and Occident to American Territory.

American Indians A startling subject of interesting study is our Red Brothers, as in their WAR DANCES, GHOST DANCES, ARCHERY, BOWING with endless intrepidity the wildest horses, without a flicker of the blanket. HIS METHODS OF WARFARE, as illustrated by ever whirling circles of humanity surrounding his enemy. THE ATTACK ON THE STAGG COACH by savages, one of the most graphic and stirring pictures ever presented. Again, by the way, coming displayed in the attacks on the SETTLER'S CABIN and the EMIGRANT TRAIN. Each scene illustrating characteristics of the Indians and some of the hardships endured by the brave pioneers who opened Western America to civilization's progress.

The Pony Express A reproduction of the time in conveying mails across the trackless West before the time of railroads, or even of stage coaches. The quick mounting, dismounting and changing of horses being a graphic representation of the marvellous horsemanship and endurance of the pony riders.

MILITARY EVOLUTIONS



U. S. CAVALRY PRACTICE DRILL.

SIXTH CAVALRY U. S. REGULARS

Charles Krassels (German), Irish Fusiliers (Veterans of the Anglo-Boer war), U. S. Colonel Infantry, a battery of U. S. Regular Artillery and a Gatling Gun Brigade. Showing saber exercises, lance drill, tent pitching, cavalry maneuvers, artillery drill (with loading and firing), accurate driving of cannon and caisson, marvelous riding, mounting and dismounting, leaping on and changing horses going at full speed.

THE ACME OF PERFECT EQUITATION

Breaking Bucking Bronchos "From Texas to Turkey" the cowboys of Buffalo Bill's Wild West have established and delighted the people with their fearless daring and skill in riding wild horses, and this popular feature of the exhibition will also prove a genuine novelty to the front of the entertainment.

The Buffalo Hunt Cowboys have crossed the ocean to hunt buffalo, and one of the most thrilling and dramatic spectacles, in the Wild West, EVER given an exhibition of how he used to hunt the Bison, and obtained his subject of "BUFFALO BILL."

A Veritable Pandora's Box of Educational and Entertaining Features that can only be seen at this exhibition.

COL. Wm. F. CODY---BUFFALO BILL

Illustrating the accuracy of sight, the steadiness of nerve, the perfection of marksmanship, and the thorough horsemanship of the typical Western Scout and Plainsman as he breaks objects thrown into the air in rapid succession, while he is riding at full speed on his horse.

GRAND STREET CAVALCADE

On the day of the exhibition, passing through the principal streets, rain or shine.

ADMISSION 50 cents. Children under 9 years 25 cents. RESERVED SEATS, 50c. Reserved Number 1 State may be secured on day of exhibition at E. G. Saylor's.

ONE PERFORMANCE ONLY

# CRUSOE'S

BARGAIN DEPT. STORE, Rhinelander, Wis...

## FREE TICKETS TO BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST SHOW.

The admission to the show in Rhinelander on August 9th is fifty cents. Children under nine years of age twenty-five cents.

### READ THE CONDITIONS.

For Infants and Children.

#### MOST LIBERAL OFFER.

Any one buying of us at ONE TIME FIVE DOLLARS will receive FREE one buying of us at ONE TIME good will receive FREE one 25 cent ticket.

#### REMEMBER

we are still closing out our Big and Sp Dry Goods preparatory to moving to August 15. Desiring to hurry the sale ciation to the public for most liberal tr timely offer of free tickets. This Offer



Goods Cheaper than ever. Removal Sale Prices on E your needs. Ask for your tickets.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

*Dr. J. C. Fletcher*  
In Use For Over Thirty Years

**MASTODIA**

good for home runs, all his ois implied the game, and his decisions were entirely satisfactory to both sides. His decisions on balls and strikes were very good. Monico will meet Jeffries on Monico grounds Sunday. Monico has challenged Rhinelander three different times, and has not received a reply yet. We still desire to play them any date that they want a game. Monico would be pleased if they could play at Rhinelander during the M. W. A. encampment.

To the Voters of Oneida Co.

Thereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination of County Superintendent of Schools of Oneida county. If nominated and elected I promise to faithfully perform all the duties of said office in a manner satisfactory to all concerned.  
Aug 1, 1900  
MYIA GERMOND.

House For Sale.

House and lot for sale in Fifth ward, Pelham St., opposite Alpine Hotel. Inquire of Mrs. C. Chafin.

Houses for Sale.

Will sell five houses, situated on Prospect Hill, one block north of Soe depot. Will sell separate or all together, would prefer to sell all together. Enquire of E. B. Crofoot. 3wJ526.

#### Bits of Local Gossip

Miss Laura Horn left Monday for Antigo, to enjoy a week's visit with friends.

Miss Margaret Shelton returned last Thursday after a two weeks' visit at Clintonville, the guest of her grandmother.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Kingsbury, of Antigo, are guests at the home of M. E. Monson.

Mrs. G. P. Hansen left Saturday for Three Lakes to enjoy a week's visit, the guest of her sister.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Congregational church met yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Markham.

Pat Lally, the "lightning slinger" for the North-Western at Monico, tarried with friends here for a few hours last Friday.

Roadmaster John Collins of the Soo, who has been laid up with one of Job's Comforters on his neck for ten days past, is out again.

Mrs. A. P. Clark returned last week from Menominee, Mich., where she had been the guest of relatives and friends for several weeks.

Mrs. W. G. Clark, of Greenville, Mich., arrived in the city last week, for an extended visit at the home of her uncle, Chas. Woodcock.

P. C. Ulrich, who has been in the employ of the Oshkosh Lumber and Lumber company at Choate, Mich., since last spring, arrived here last Friday.

The men of the Swedish Lutheran church will give an ice cream and coffee social at Solberg's hall, Saturday evening, Aug. 4. All are cordially invited.

Miss Lola Billings returned to Sparta Tuesday to renew her work in the state school for dependent children, after a five weeks' visit, the guest of her parents.

Mrs. H. C. Braeger and children, Mrs. Fred Strope and son and Mrs. C. A. Prior left Saturday to enjoy a week's visit with relatives and friends at Wausau, Waupaca and Hortonville.

John H. McIndoe returned Monday morning after an absence of two weeks spent in the south. One week was spent in the wilds of Alabama. On his way home he visited relatives at St. Louis, Mo., and stopped in Chicago.

H. G. Martin, of Crandon, deputy sheriff of Forest county, was in the city last Saturday and Sunday. While here he made arrangements for a contest between the Crandon and Rhinelander gun clubs, to take place here on the day of the Woodman Picnic, Aug. 21.

A home talent minstrel will be given some time in the near future for the benefit of St. Mary's church. It is requested that all those willing to take part report to either A. J. Lytle or Chas. Bellid before the 8th of Aug. The services of both ladies and gentlemen are desired.

The men of the M. E. church will serve supper in the armory next Friday, Aug. 4 from 5:30 to 7 o'clock. Following is the bill of fare: Beef, Lamb with tomato dressing, Scalloped Potatoes, Stuffed Eggs with Lettuce, Baked Beans, Cabbage and Cucumber salad, Apples, Cake, Coffee.

C. P. Carr, wife, and niece, Miss Grace Gilbert, of New London, were in the city the latter part of last week on their way home from Plum Lake, where they were in camp with the editorial party. They were guests at the home of Mr. Carr's brother, City Clerk Carr, whose little daughter Hazel accompanied them home.

The next regular meeting of John A. Logan Post, G. A. R. will be held on Friday evening the 3rd inst. A full attendance of the membership is requested, as the subject of interest will be the attendance at the National Encampment in Chicago the last of the month. All interested should attend.

B. Booth, of Crandon, closed a deal last week whereby he became the owner of the Henry Tourish residence property in the Sixth ward. The deal was made through Matt. Stapleton who is looking after Mr. Tourish's interests here. Mr. Booth has leased a building on Brown street and will engage in business. He will handle pianos, organs, sewing machines, etc. He will be joined this week by his family. The new owner is a very pleasant gentleman who will no doubt work up a good business.

A. W. Shelton was a visitor at Eagle River last Tuesday.

Geo. Clayton was a visitor at Wausau the first of the week.

Ben Smith transacted business at Antigo the first of the week.

Miss Conla Brock left yesterday for Oshkosh for a visit of about three weeks with Miss Eleanor Perry, who formerly lived here.

John Gilligan, who has been attending the Ferris Institute at Big Rapids, Mich., the past year, returned home yesterday morning.

The Misses Edith, Blanche and Ella Jansen returned to their home Saturday after a visit of two weeks with their sister, Mrs. Mary Rheame.

D. L. Jenkinson, formerly of this city, but now of Minocqua, came down Saturday and accompanied the City band on the excursion to the Dells of the Wisconsin the following day.

The boys of Co. L., of this city, are anxiously awaiting orders to go into camp with the balance of the Second regiment. The boys will leave for Camp Douglas on the evening of Aug. 11.

Casper Faust left Monday for New London to settle matters regarding the purchase of the electric light plant there. Mr. Faust was undecided as to whether or not he would make the investment.

Mrs. Jamieson has purchased the Van Slatte house next to Geo. W. Bishop's residence and will immediately occupy the same. It has been occupied by John Didier and prior to their advent by Geo. Clayton.

Peter Berg, an employee in Woodruff & Magnus's camp at Three Lakes was brought to this city last Saturday suffering with stomach trouble. He went up from here about ten days ago with a crew of fliers.

G. H. Clark left last Thursday night for Soltau-Woolley, Wash., to be absent about two weeks. It is there where Mr. Clark and his partner, Tim Lennon, own a shingle mill. They also have other interests which Mr. Clark went to look after.

A meeting of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association is being held at Tomahawk today. Several things of interest are to come up. One thing will be making known the result of the survey of the Wisconsin river water power.

Mrs. G. G. Hamilton has disposed of her interest in the Hamilton & Edwards millinery store on Brown street to her partner and will leave shortly for the lower peninsula of Michigan, where she will reside.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Aid society, of the Baptist church held on Wednesday afternoon of last week, the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. H. S. Ward; first vice-president, Mrs. W. Schuler; second vice-president, Mrs. M. Mason; secretary, Mrs. J. C. Wisson; treasurer, Mrs. S. Moore.

The Sanitary Construction company of Green Bay has been awarded the contract for furnishing and putting in the steam plant in the building to be occupied by C. E. Crusoe & Co. J. E. Jackson was here the first of the week in the interest of the Green Bay concern. Mr. Jackson was formerly engaged in the plumbing business in this city.

Miss Margaret Nash has resigned her position with the Cash department store. She will leave next Tuesday for Grand Rapids, where she will visit until the first of September, when she will enter the Wausau Business University. Miss Nash has a host of friends who regret her departure.

The North-Western is having the Stilla branch repaired so as to permit the hauling out of logs which are being put in by the Wilsons of the Palme Lumber Co. of Oshkosh. About fifteen men are employed surfacing tracks. Chas. Trotter, an old time railroader is foreman of the gang.—Three Lakes Enterprise.

"A Wise Woman," the comedy in which Marie Lamour and Frederick Murphy appear at the Grand opera house, Wednesday, Aug. 29, is on legitimate lines, and so cleverly is the plot interwoven, that it has the reputation of being one of the best of the mirth-provoking pieces now before the public. The supporting company is one which includes a number of well known names, whose presence in the organization serves to assure the public that the performance will be of all-round excellence and one that all lovers of good comedy, well played, cannot afford to miss.

Miss Mabel L. Conklin, lecturer and organizer for the national W. C. T. U., will be in Rhinelander on Aug. 19, 20 and 21. She will deliver six lectures, speaking twice daily. She is a very charming lady and an able speaker. It is expected the Armory hall will be secured. The lectures are free to all.

F. A. Bishoff, son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gilligan, passed away at Ashland yesterday morning at 1 o'clock. Heart trouble caused his demise. Mr. Bishoff married the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gilligan. Mrs. Gilligan left on the limited yesterday morning for Ashland and Mr. Gilligan and the boys left on the afternoon train.

The dance given at the New Grand opera house last Friday evening by the young ladies of the Catholic church, was a great social and financial success. A nice sum was realized to go toward the building of the new parochial school. About one hundred couple shared in the evening's merriment. Music was furnished by Bruno Bros.' orchestra.

A special election of the voters of the town of Pelican was held at the town hall last Friday to determine whether or not the town should be bonded to the extent of \$5000 to build a steel bridge across the Wisconsin river at Hat Rapids. The fact that the bridge will shorten the distance to this city about three miles from the Ames district in that town, carried considerable weight and the new bridge goes.

The most severe rain and hail storm in the recollection of "the oldest inhabitant" visited this section last Monday evening. Hail stones as large as hens' eggs fell, doing much damage to growing crops. Many of the farmers lost practically their entire crops. Several windows in the city were broken. The sky-light in Krueger & Swan's photographic gallery was almost entirely demolished.

The Antigo and Rhinelander base ball teams crossed bats at the fair grounds in this city last Sunday afternoon. It was a great game, that is the score was great. The victors were defeated unmercifully, the score being 21 to 1 to the credit of Rhinelander. One of the spectators said he stayed until the score was 16 to 1 and became disgusted and left.

John Harrigan, an employee in O'Day & Daly's camp near Arbor Vitae, had the misfortune to break a leg last Friday. The unfortunate young man was engaged in loading, when a chain broke. One of the logs rolled onto his right leg, breaking it just above the ankle. He was brought to this city and taken to St. Mary's hospital. Dr. Hinnman was called and made the patient as comfortable as possible.

The annual fall examination for certificates of teachers will be held in the high school building August 13, 14 and 15. This is the only place in the county where examinations will be held this fall. All persons who expect to teach in Oneida county the coming year, and who are not qualified by a certificate of previous issue, should take due notice of this public examination and be present, as there will be no supplementary or private examination granted, except strictly according to law.

E. B. Crofoot was a visitor at Wausau last Saturday, returning Sunday morning. The object of his visit was to attend a meeting of a tax commission appointed by Judge Silverthorn to listen to the request of the chairman of the towns of Hazelhurst and Woodborn for a re-apportionment of the taxes for Oneida county. The commission met last Saturday afternoon. One side was not represented and it was decided to allow the attorneys to appoint a commission.

The New North force is under obligations to Mrs. Carrie Adams of the north side, for a sample of gooseberries raised in her garden. She informs us that she picked forty-seven quarts of the berries from seven bushes. This is certainly a phenomenal growth and convinces us that the climate of this section of the state is suitable for raising small fruits. The only trouble is that our people are a little skeptical. A trial will convince them otherwise.

M. G. Slight, manager for the Sarge Varnish Co., Chicago, is in Rhinelander this week for a rest and outing among the pines. He spent Sunday in company with friends from here at Lake Thompson. Mr. Slight was in the employ of the Secret Service department of this government during the Spanish trouble and mingled freely with the Queen's subjects both in Santiago and Porto Rico. He speaks Spanish fluently and being of dark complexion readily passes for a Spaniard. He was on

board the cruiser New Orleans during the bombardment of San Juan.

There will be a parish meeting held in St. Augustine's church next Monday evening, Aug. 6th at 8 o'clock. All members of the congregation are urgently requested to be present.  
C. M. Hittcock, Pastor.

Our chief of police has hit upon a novel method for riding the city of tramps. As fast as they strike town they are cooped up and when he has enough to load a car, he drives them to the cattle pens and loads them in a box car, locks the door and away they go to the other end of the division.—Antigo Journal. At the rate the hoodlums are pouring into Rhinelander of late, it would be necessary to charter a train of empties every few days. Our police officers say that never in the history of our city have hoodlums been so numerous. They are not "products of the late war" as the Journal says in another article in its last issue. They are democrats living in anticipation of free silver and free soap.

Gus Horn, who recently purchased the Henry building at the corner of Davenport and Stevens street, informs us that he has not fully determined when he will begin remodeling the same. An addition will be built on in the rear and the roof raised another story, making a three story building. It will be converted into a modern hotel building, with all the modern improvements. Mr. Horn will soon begin drawing plans for the remodeling of his building. He may not begin the work before spring, however. Inside of a year our people will witness a wonderful change in the appearance of the corner of the two thoroughfares above mentioned. Mr. Horn has great faith in the future for Rhinelander as shown by his enterprise.

#### BIG CROWD IS EXPECTED

North-Western Will Run Specials From Antigo and Lac du Flambeau—On Account of Wild West.

It is expected that next Thursday Rhinelander will entertain the largest crowd in the history of the city. The occasion for such an enormous gathering is the appearance of Buffalo Bill's wild west and congress of rough riders. Excursion trains will be run on the North-Western road next Thursday, August 9th, from both directions. A special will leave Antigo at 6:20 a. m., returning at 6:50 p. m. Another special will leave Lac du Flambeau at 9:20 p. m., returning at 9:20 p. m. The trains will stop at all intermediate points between here and stations named. Exceptionally low rates will be in force. It is estimated that this move on the part of the North-Western people will be the means of bringing to this city close to 5000 outsiders on the day of the big show. The occasion will be one appreciated by the local merchants, many of whom are preparing for a big rush.

#### TO THE PICTURESQUE DELLS.

Sixty-four Rhinelander People Enjoyed Sunday's Excursion.

The City band and about forty of our people enjoyed an excursion to the Dells of the Wisconsin last Sunday. They left here on the Soo limited at 1:20 o'clock Sunday morning, going to Headford Junction, to meet the excursion train on the C. M. & St. P. road, run from Minocqua.

Those who went report a very pleasant time, but they were a tired and sleepy lot when they returned. The excursion train was late in reaching Headford Junction, but by a fortunate circumstance the Soo limited east Monday morning was late two hours, otherwise the Rhinelanderites would have been obliged to wait at the cross roads all day or walk home. As it was, they arrived here Monday morning at 4 o'clock.

The Dells are classed among the most picturesque scenery in the northwest and attract thousands of tourists there every summer to enjoy the beauties. A few hours there is hardly enough to satisfy one who appreciates nature's work. It is a pleasant day outing and very cheap. The rate of \$3.20 was made from Rhinelander for the round trip.

#### STORE WINS SPARRING MATCH.

Stays the Specified Time in the Contest With Wm. Daniels.

The ten round sparring match at the armory last Friday night between Wm. Daniels and Eugene Stone is pronounced by the sports in attendance to be the best prizefight exhibition ever pulled off in this city. The contestants entered the ring deter-

## EDISON'S PHONOGRAPH

Better than a Piano, Organ, or Music Box, for it sings and talks as well as plays, and don't cost as much. It reproduces the music of any instrument—band or orchestra—tells stories and sings—the old familiar hymns as well as the popular songs—it is always ready. See that Mr. Edison's signature is on every machine. Catalogues of all dealers, or NATIONAL PHONOGRAPH CO., 135 Fifth Ave., New York.

## FINE CORRESPONDENCE Stationery

We want you to call and see the finest line of Stationery ever displayed in Rhinelander. We have all the late tints in paper and our figures are low.

ASHTON BUILDING, Davenport Street, Rhinelander. S. H. & W. H. ASHTON.

## BICYCLES!

If you are in search of a good, durable and moderate priced wheel, call and examine our new and elaborate display of

## CRESCENT Chain and Chainless Bikes.

There is No Better Wheel on the Market.

We also invite you to call and inspect our new and nobby line of

## CUTLERY.

## LEWIS HDW. CO.

Merchants State Bank Building, RHINELANDER, WIS.



# THE STORY TELLER

WILLIAM M'KINLEY.  
For Vice-President—  
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.  
For Member of Congress—  
WEBSTER E. BROWN.  
For State Senator—  
DANIEL E. RORDAN.  
For Member of Assembly—  
NATHAN E. LANE.

WISCONSIN LIFE INSURANCE.  
Insurance Commissioner Emil Giljohann has sent out his annual report on the life and casualty insurance companies operating in Wisconsin.

The report is a voluminous book of 500 pages and is devoted almost entirely to statistical tables, showing the individual and aggregate liabilities, assets, income, disbursements, number of old and new policies and similar information concerning the different companies that operated in the state during the past year, and to the annual reports of these companies.

The total receipts of the department during the year were \$358,453.19 of which sum the fire and marine companies paid \$121,999.53, and life \$216,610.15, the casualty and surety \$40,644.49, the assessment, life and accident and fraternal.

and over Tomlinson's Falconry

By Edwin J. Webster.

"SOL TOMLINSON says it was a Sunday school book that caused him to be nursing an injured spirit and mourning the loss of the finest collection of fancy breeds of chickens ever seen in Pike county," observed Deacon Todgers to the crowd at the corner grocery. "But I tell him it was his own foolishness in trying middle age notions in this closing year of the nineteenth century, and also in trusting too far to the loving kindness and forgiving nature of hawks."

"One Sunday afternoon Sol went out to the woodshed and found his boy Tom reading a book he had drawn from the Sunday school library. Sol cracked the boy over the head for reading novels on Sunday, gave him some chores to do, and then sat down to read the book himself. It was all about knights and how they rode about the country fighting for the color of their ladies' eyebrows and how they went hawking and all such foolishness. But it seemed to impress Sol mightily."

"And are you, with your blue jeans and bald pate and white whiskers, going to ride around Pike county on a 'prancing palfray,' and fight for the honor of your lady, also?" I asked him. "Or what particular kind of foolishness has that book inspired you to?"

"Sol looked hurt."

"Fudge, deacon," he said to me. "I'm a respectable married man without any 'lady loves,' as you call them, and my rheumatism wouldn't allow me to ride 'prancing palfrays' any way. The plan I am thinking of is a practical one, and one that will bring money to a worthy old man without his working for it. I'd you read what that book said about falconry, and how all those old coves used to catch heron and ducks and other kinds of birds by the use of falcons? Well, that's what I'm going to do," he says, earnestly.

"But you haven't any falcons," I objected.

"Tush, deacon," Sol retorted, sort of impatiently. "Of course, I ain't got any falcons. But what's a falcon except a hawk, anyway, and it will be easy enough for me to get a few young hawks and train them to catch ducks and other birds which sell well, but are a good deal of trouble for a tired old man to shoot."

"Well, the first thing Sol did was to get his boys to work gathering in young hawks. That was considerable of a contract for the boys, as neither the young hawks nor the old birds took kindly to having their nests robbed, but the boys gathered in about a dozen young birds."

"Sol had a lot of chickens of his own, and every time he killed one he would feed the young hawks a bit of liver. Then he would buy up the livers whenever any of the neighbors killed chickens, and feed them to the hawks. Of course he fed the hawks other things, but pretty soon those birds had as well developed a taste for liver as some men have for 'fat dyed foy grass,' or whatever it is called."

"Then Sol began the second part of the training. He would put a dead duck on the ground, and carry one of his hawks over to it, go off a ways, and sort of indicate to the bird that he wanted the dead duck brought to him. Hawks are pretty intelligent birds, and it wasn't long before they appreciated the fact that every time one of them brought Sol a duck there was a big piece of liver coming."

By the time the duck season opened all but six of Sol's hawks had died. But he certainly did hate that half dead trained down to a fine point. Their appetite for liver had gotten to be like that of a man's for drink, and they understood that ducks and only ducks were what Sol wanted, so they never interfered with his chickens. By and by the ducks began flying south. Then Sol started out to gather in his hawks."

"Six months," he said to me "these hawks of mine have enjoyed fatherly care and lived on the fat of the land and the livers of several hundred

chickens. Now is the time for them to repay my devotion. And, by gum, they will do it or get in trouble."

"That afternoon Sol got a couple of long sticks, and carrying them over his shoulders with three hawks perched on them, started after ducks. Pretty soon along came a flock of ducks. Flying pretty low. Sol untied his hawks and pointed at the ducks. It wasn't half a minute before those trained hawks understood what was wanted of them, and off they went at full tilt after the ducks. Each hawk grabbed a duck, started back with it toward Sol and dropped it at his feet."

Then came the first of Sol's actions, which turned aside the hearts of his faithful duck hunters. When the hawks delivered up their ducks to Sol they began to look for some liver as a reward. But Sol didn't see it that way.

"Those ducks are still in sight," he says to the hawks, as if they could understand him. "And duty calls on you to go after them. Now is your chance to repay a little of my care and affection. This is no time to be looking for liver."

"Sol kept pointing at the rapidly disappearing flock of ducks, and as his hawks didn't seem to understand what he meant, he grabbed a stick and began pounding them with it. It was plain that the hawks were grieved and mystified, rather than angry. They had each of them brought in a duck, why didn't they get their liver? And why didn't Sol, the man who had fed them and whom they had looked up to and venerated, beat them with a stick?"

"Finally they gave it up as a bad job trying to figure out what it all meant, and seeing that Sol wanted more ducks, off the hawks started, but acting in a patient, puzzled sort of way that was really pathetic."

"These birds of yours are faithful and well trained," I observed to Sol. "But loving kindness isn't the strongest quality of any hawk, even an educated one. If you beat them about once more they will try to get even with you. And from what I know of hawks, I'm betting they will succeed."

"But Sol only grunted out that it was ducks and not tokens of esteem that he wanted from those hawks."

"After quite a wait we saw the hawks coming back. They had had a long chase after the ducks and were pretty weary when they reached us, but each faithful hawk was bringing back a duck, and laid it in front of Sol. Then every bird looked up in an expectant sort of way as if he now felt certain of getting his liver. And it was here that the real meanness of Sol's nature showed up."

"Sol was just going to reward his hard-working birds, when away off to the north another flock of ducks showed up. Then Sol wanted to start his hawks right after the new flock."

"Don't you do it," I warned him. "These faithful birds of yours are pretty nearly worn out, and if you don't

give them the liver they expect they will lose faith in human nature. A trained hawk who has lost faith in human nature is an ugly animal," I said, solemnly.

"But Sol was set on starting his hawks after this particular flock of ducks. The patient birds, instead of going just loitered around, waiting for their reward. Then Sol grabbed his stick and began pounding them worse than before. For about a minute the birds stood it, then it seemed to come over them all at once that they were being beaten and cheated after they had done their duty. Each bird gave a sort of queer little cry, in which there was more disappointment at the way Sol had treated them than anger, and then rose in the air and turned, not in the direction of the ducks, but toward Sol's barnyard."

"It's fancy chickens and revenge your birds are looking for," I warned Sol.

"Sol looked at the hawks and then began running home as fast as his legs would carry him. But it was too late. The six hawks swooped down among Sol's chickens, and by the time Sol arrived on the scene all that was left of the best collection of fancy breed of chickens ever seen in Pike county was a mass of feathers and dead fowls."

"What heartless ingratitude," says Sol, almost crying. "I fed and trained and cared for those birds, and then they turn and rend me, or rather my innocent and best breed of fancy chickens."

"But I didn't give him any comfort. 'It was all your own fault, Sol Tomlinson,' I told him. 'If you had treated those hawks halfway decently they would have cheered your declining years and gathered in ducks by the bushel.'"

—Boston Globe.

Odd Signs on Staten Island.  
A bicyclist who has been making runs in the neighborhood of New York reports that he found the most unanimous and impartial slaughter of English in a sign posted on a Staten Island windmill. It reads:

DIS VIND MILL YER SAIL.

At a rude wharf on the Staten Island sound this greeted his eyes:

BOATS TO HIER.

Another sign showed this legend: WE LIVE TO DYE AND DYE TO LIVE.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

# REMEMBRANCE

COL DREW'S WAR LECTURE.

We'd all been down to Bethel church, a week ago last night. To hear a full lecture there upon "A Soldier's Plight."

You see, we ben a havin' a "course" to help the poor.

An' it's ben a "bela fight" fer us, financially, almost.

This man 'at lectured on the bills—was "Colonel Ellsworth Drew," "Dout nine year old, I reckon, when the civil war was through; But he fit the war from end to end, in a couple of hours, about, An' he would of fust another'n, on'y all the lamps went out.

I never heard a feller that hed every-thing so pat— "Ef there was there," or "Then was when," or "This hed jes ben that?"

I hed to lean an' whisper to Whittaker "Ef yer Aunt Louise hed ben a man, she'd ben yer uncle, sure?"

Whit, he jest bust out a-laughin' like he does, an' I declare, I thought the feller hed jes himself, a-chokin' there an' there.

An' everybody turnin' round to see what we's about, An' all the fellers in the post a-hollerin': "Put him out!"

Why, the lecturer told how Grant had made an awful useless mess, A-slaughterin' men fer nothin' in that awful Wilderness; I jest leaned back an' held my breath when I saw what a scant

The chances would of ben fer Lee, ef Drew had jest ben Grant.

Then he done up "Old Tecumseh," why, when he got through with him, You couldn't see him edge-wise, he was hammered out so slim;

Showed up blunder after blunder, an' mistakes in open sight, An' blundered back an' accident to set his blunders right.

He said they want no earthly use—an' showed in plain as light, In the war a-lastin' seven months beyond the Red Run fight;

An' I thought it was a blessin' fer this war, dear an' true, That the "Johnnies" didn't know jest where to look fer Ellsworth Drew.

I've heard a heap, an' read a heap of talk about the war, An' the fellers that want in it seems to know it more an' more;

An' the fellers that was in it, an' got killed in every fight, Is the ones that shows us how the ones that won was never right.

—Bob Barlette, in Los Angeles Times.

BATTLE OF THE CONSCRIPT.

Not Recorded in War History, But This Veteran Says It Was His Biggest Fight.

When scared men held the boards in Louisville recently, says the Courier-Journal, one was here who was known to have been a gallant soldier, and who had an unmistakable bullet scar on the left side of his forehead.

"In what battle did you get that wound?"

"The biggest fight I was ever in."

This short sentence meant a great deal, because this soldier had been in some of the greatest battles of the war.

"What fight was it?"

"I call it the battle of the conscript."

"Battle of the conscript? What do you mean?"

"Well, it was toward the end of the war, after the conscript act had been passed, and I was one of a detail to get a certain man in Tennessee who had been conscripted, but who had escaped. We located him at his home, and we proceeded to advance on the house."

"As luck would have it, I was ahead, and was the first man to enter the

house. My man was lying in bed, and I walked toward him and told him to get up."

"He did so, but as he arose he came up with a revolver. We clinched, and of all the fights I was ever in this beat all. We tussled and we tussled, I found the conscript was the better man, and my only hope was either in holding on or some of our boys coming."

"I kept on wrestling, my chief aim being to hold down that hand with the revolver. The affair was getting monotonous to me, and I was about to quit because the conscript had me beat, when some of the boys rushed in, but not before the conscript wrenched his revolver arm loose and let me have it, and I was felled."

"The bullet struck me glancingly on the side of the head, and after burrowing under the skin for a couple of inches passed out without injuring the skull."

"What became of the conscript?"

"Would you believe that that fellow escaped from camp that night? And the conscriptary lost, in my judgment, a good scrapper."

Tender-hearted.

A St. Louis heiress is so tender-hearted that she can't be induced to strike a match.—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

—Chicago Daily News.

# ROUTED BY FLEAS.

Colon Soldiers Preferred to Risk the Enemy's Fire to Remaining with the Insects.

"One of my first adventures," said the major, relates the Chicago Inter Ocean, "made a lasting impression on me. Early in the war our regiment started on an expedition to reach the rear of a rebel force stationed about 20 miles from our camp. We crossed a river, went up a narrow little valley, which, during a heavy night's rain became the bed of a stream, came out upon the high table land, moved up a rocky road to the mountains, and, although the rain continued all the next day, we marched and marched until night. We were wet through and through, we had lost nearly all of our provisions, we were tired and footsore, and were ordered into camp in the rain. A half a dozen of us, in looking about the bluffs and cliffs, found a cave which seemed an inviting place of shelter against the pitiless rain. It was at considerable distance from our company, but we decided that we would slip in, have a good sleep and report to the company early in the morning. The stone floor was covered to a comfortable thickness with dried leaves, and I remember to this day how comfortable and cozy it all felt as we crept in and spooned for a good night's rest."

"It must have been midnight when I was awakened by the most intolerable itching I had ever experienced. It seemed to me there were a million

flea bites every part of my body. I realized then that we had crept into a bed used by hogs—that we were in a nest of fleas. I decided at once that I would get out, but on stepping to the narrow mouth of the little cave I saw directly in front a large fire, and around it were men not in the dress of union soldiers. By this time all the boys were awake, and all were crazy with the unbearable itching. They were ready to dash out of the cave at all hazards, when I called their attention to the men and the fire.

"We soon decided that our troops had marched away and that the bluffs had been occupied by a rebel outpost. The question was, what we should do. The boys agreed that they could not stand the flea bites more than five minutes. They agreed that they would rather be captured by the Johnnies than stay with the fleas, so it was arranged that we should watch for a favorable opportunity, slip out of the cave and try to pass the rebel outpost in the shadow of the bluffs. Just as we arrived at this decision one of the boys, who had been holding his gun at full rock, brought it down to the floor, and it went off with a terrific report."

"This shot, sounding like a cannon, threw both sides into a panic. Taking advantage of the confusion about the fire, one of our fellows shouted: 'Come on, boys, one company to the right and one company to the left, and we will capture the whole of them.' Out we went with a yell, shooting as we ran, and away ran the rebels. The rain had ceased, but the fleas continued to bite, and after running about two miles in the direction we supposed our regiment had gone we stopped, took off all our clothing and jumped into a raging little mountain stream. We did not put on our clothes until every article had been given a shaking. We found our regiment, and after a march of two days reached our old camp."

Another Semmes and the Kearsarge.

A Mobilian, temporarily living on the southern border of the Gulf, relates a curious story connected with the wreck of the old Kearsarge, says the Mobile (Ala.) Register. At the time Admiral Semmes was afloat in those waters, says the story, he had on board the Alabama a seaman who so admired him that, in honor of his chief, he called his son "Admiral Semmes." This child, now a grown man, is a native of one of the Cayman islands, and like all those islanders, makes his living from the sea, and mostly from wrecked vessels. It is remembered that the United States steamer that sank the Alabama, the Kearsarge, was wrecked on one of the islands, called Bonador Reef. Among the wreckers who went to work on her was this young man. When everything worth saving was taken from the vessel the hull was burned, and Admiral Semmes, the son of the seaman, applied the torch. To say the least, it is an odd coincidence that although the Kearsarge destroyed the Alabama, which was under the command of Admiral Semmes, the Kearsarge was afterward finally destroyed by another Admiral Semmes.

Sheridan's Hensel.

Sheridan's big black horse, Hensel, which he rode during the last three years of the war, is one of the sights in the military museum on Governor's Island, N. Y. Though the animal died in 1876, its preservation, paid for by Sheridan, is perfect.

—Chicago Daily News.

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# HE WASN'T GROWLING.

Was Merely Seeking Information as to Prices of Country Comforts and Conveniences.

"What!" carpingly ejaculated the summer boarder from the city, as he gazed at the peevish old man sitting at the table, says the Chicago Inter Ocean, "the honest agriculturist had just presented to him. 'Ninety-six dollars and thirty cents for two weeks' board for myself, wife and three small boys? Now, look here, Mr. Hocks."

"Ye had the use of the house and carry all wherever ye wanted 'em," interrupted old Farmer Hocks, decidedly. "Your boys eat up considerable many of my apples, and, then, there's the fishin' and the berryin', and the—grapein' picnic, and Uncle Uram Ticker's funeral, and the eclipse of the moon, and—ah!—all that, and—"

"But, please, man! the only time we used your old farm all the horse was so only that I had to lead him most of the way, and the vehicle broke down and I paid more for having it repaired than it was worth. Your own apples made the boys sick to within a hair's breadth of an agonizing death, and to the extent of a \$9 doctor bill. I caught cold but no fishin', berryin'. We didn't eat any of the scenery, nor do we expect to carry any of it away with us. We were in no way responsible for the late Mr. Ticker's funeral, and, I may add, did not participate in it. We did attend the grapein' picnic, and, as for paying you for the eclipse of the moon, I'll be—"

"Looker here! Do you mean to insinuate that I'm tryin' to gouge ye?"

"Oh, no, certainly not! But, by the way, the present wealth of the United States is estimated at \$100,000,000,000, and—"

"Well, I was merely wondering if you were trying to get it all at once?"

SERVED HIM RIGHT.

He Advised Others But Did Not Follow Out His Own Suggestions.

The crowd began to gather as soon as the man fell down. One of the thoughtful ones ran to a drug store and rang up an ambulance, and in a few moments a great clanging and clattering was heard down the street. Then the ambulance drove alongside the curb, the naty young physician, dismounted from the rear step, and the crowd standing around the man who had fallen formed a line for him to pass through. It required only a glance for the naty young physician to see what ailed the man, says the Washington Post.

"Frosted by the heat," he said, coolly, to the crowd. "Anybody here has a cold? There was no cold, but just as the ambulance men were about to pick up his prostrate man a stout man pushed his way through the crowd, glanced at the limp form of the victim of the heat, and said:

"Here, you can just fetch him up to my house. He lives with my family. He's the man who writes the 'Hints on How to Keep Cool in Hot Weather' for the papers."

O-I-O-C

When a preparation has an advertised reputation that is world-wide, it means that it is a preparation of merit. If you go into a store to buy an article that has achieved universal popularity like Cascarets Candy Cathartic for example, you feel it has the endorsement of the world. The judgment of the people is infallible because it is impersonal. The retailer who wants to sell you something else in place of Cascarets is asking you to take his word. He is trying to sell you something that is not what he represents it to be. Why? Because he expects to derive an extra profit out of your credulity. Don't you see through his little game? The man who will try to sell you a substitute for Cascarets is a fraud. Beware of him! He is trying to steal the health and comfort of a reputation which another business man has paid for, and if his conscience will allow him to go so far, he will go farther. If he cheats his customer in one way, he will in another and it is not safe to do business with him. Beware of the false and subtle substitute. Cascarets Candy Cathartic are sold in bulk but in metal boxes with the long label "C" on every box and each tablet stamped C. C. C.

Housewife and Burglar.

The burglar had entered the house as quietly as possible, but his shoes were not so padded as they made some noise. He had just reached the door of the bedroom when he heard some one moving in the bed as if about to get up, and he paused. The sound of a woman's voice floated to his ears. "If you don't take off your boots when you come into this house," it said, "there's going to be trouble, and a whole lot of it. Here it's been raining for three hours, and you dare to tramp over my carpets with your muddy boots on. Go downstairs and take them off. He went downstairs without a word, but he didn't take off his boots. Instead he went out into the night again, and the "po" who was waiting for him saw a tear gleam in his eye. "I can't rub that home," he said, "reminds me of home."—Lawiston (Me.) Journal.

Home-makers' Excursions Via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad.

On the first and third Tuesdays of June, July and August the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad will place on the licensed excursion tickets to various points in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas.

One fare (plus \$2.00) for the Round Trip. Tickets are limited on going trip fifteen days from date of sale with stop-over privileges. Return tickets are limited to twenty-one days from date of sale.

Remember that we now have in service a new well-ventilated train between Chicago and Waro and Ft. Worth, Texas, leaving Chicago daily at 1:30 P. M. Through Pullman Sleeping Cars and Free Reclining Chair Cars. For further particulars call on or address any Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad or C. L. Stone, G. P. and T. A., Chicago.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

FULL COURSES IN Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.

Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses.

Rooms Free to all Students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or Senior Year, or any of the College Courses.

Rooms to Rent, moderate



# CATARRH

**PISO'S CURE FOR**  
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use  
to time. Sold by druggists.  
**CONSUMPTION.**

But at the Mangold cabin the something besides the wind or

er possi- -fliegende Blätter.

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**To-Day's Dessert.**

In making it ready Barnham's Hasty Jellycon will be highly appreciated; nothing to do but dissolve it in hot water and set away to cool. The flavors are: orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, will cherry and unflavored "raiflocc" for making wine and coffee jellies. Get a package to-day at your grocer's.

**READERS OF THIS PAPER  
DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING  
ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS  
SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING  
WHAT THEY ASK FOR. REFUSING  
ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.**

# FARM MORTGAGE LOAN

In amounts ranging from \$2000 to \$10,000 on choice improved farms in the western part of North Dakota.

Write us if you have money to invest, and we will be pleased to send you description books, rates of interest, etc. Personal examination of all cases. We are located near the \$100,000,000 in farm loans in North Dakota made without the loss of a dollar.

North Dakota Land and Loan Company  
RUGBY, N. D.

# OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Uterine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone & Joint Swellings, Erysipelas, Furuncles, Eczema, Indurated Eruptions, Hemorrhoids, Warts, Boils, Ringworm, Scabies, Itch, and all skin diseases. It is the only medicine that cures all skin diseases. Apply to the sore, no matter how long it has been there. By mail, C. J. FALLEN, ST. PAUL, MINN.

A. N. E. - C. 1824

# SUNSTROKE

The summer's awful heat will kill those not fit to resist it—those whose bodies are full of poison because they have neglected their bowels.

The victims of sunstroke, or of any of the other terrible dangers of summer—diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera morbus—are always those who have been careless about keeping clean inside, and as a result have their blood full of rotten filth breeding disease germs and their bodies ready with weakness to succumb to the hot spell. Dizziness, heat headaches, sick stomachs, sticky oozing ill-smelling sweats, restless nights, terrible pains, gripes and cramps in the bowels, sudden death on the street, all result from this neglect.

Keep yourself clean, pure and healthy inside, disinfected as it were, with CASCARETS CANDY CATHARTIC, the greatest antiseptic bowel tonic ever discovered and you will find that every form of summer disease will be effectively

## PREVENTED BY

# Cascarets

### CANDY CATHARTIC

**BEST FOR THE BOWELS**

THIS IS THE TABLET.

ALL DRUGGISTS

CASCARETS are absolutely harmless, a purely vegetable compound. No mercurial or other mineral pill-poison in CASCARETS. CASCARETS promptly, effectively and permanently cure every disorder of the Stomach, Liver and Intestines. They not only cure constipation but correct any and every form of irregularity of the bowels, including diarrhoea and dysentery. Pleasant, palatable, swift. Taste good, & good. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. Write for booklet and free sample. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO or NEW YORK

## Bits of Local Gossip

H. E. Keppeler, of Woodboro, was a visitor in the city last Friday.

Frank Strope and Charles Morrill left for Gage Monday on business.

M. H. Raymond transacted business at Tomahawk Lake last Friday.

J. L. Sebastian, of Antigo, transacted business in this city the latter part of last week.

FOR SALE.—Large fire proof safe for sale cheap. Inquire of Rhinelander Iron Co.

LOST.—An infant's white satin cape. Finder will please leave at this office and receive reward.

W. F. Goodell was down from his farm near Hagerstown Junction last Friday on business.

The premium lists of the Oneida county fair are now being printed in The New North office.

The members of the St. Augustine Guild met at the Fuller House parlors yesterday afternoon.

Buffalo Bill's wild west show and congress of rough riders next Thursday—a week from today.

Vern. Reed, of Tomahawk, was in the city over Tuesday night last week on his way home from Michigan.

Mrs. C. F. Gardiner and children returned last week from a visit with relatives and friends at Waupun.

W. D. Harrigan was a business visitor at Antigo the latter part of last week. He was accompanied by his wife.

Miss Mae Greene, of Jeffris, arrived in the city last Saturday, to remain a few days, the guest of Miss Ethel Holland.

D. S. Johnson Jr. was a guest at the Eagle River the latter part of last week, returning in time to take the excursion to the falls.

Nelson Roberts, representing the Standard Paper Company, of Milwaukee, called on his trade here last Friday and Saturday.

A. S. Pierce left Monday to be absent a few days at Arbor Vitae, La Crosse and Ashland on business connected with Silverthorne & Co.

Andy Bolger, of Minocqua, was in the city Friday and Saturday. He left Saturday night for a trip to the Windy City on business and pleasure combined.

Mrs. Robert Blackburn and son, of Milwaukee, arrived in the city Monday, to remain a few days, guests at the home of her brother, Geo. W. Bishop.

P. N. Hammer and family, who have been spending the past three weeks with relatives and friends at La Crosse and vicinity, returned to their home here Sunday morning.

H. H. Ober, of Minocqua, agent for the Co. M. & St. P. road, was in the city last Friday arranging for the excursion to the falls of the Wisconsin.

Mr. Ober is a very pleasant gentleman whom it was a pleasure for Rhinelander people to meet.

J. E. Gates, of Rice Lake, deputy head consul for the Modern Woodmen of America, was in the city Friday, en route to the Three Lakes on business connected with that popular fraternal organization.

James Readliff, of Eagle River, was in the city the latter part of last week. He was on his way home from Minocqua. He could not stand the temptation and took in the Maccabee excursion to Tomahawk.

The members of the local Woodman lodge and their friends enjoyed a dance at the New Grand opera house last Thursday evening. About seventy couples participated in the pleasure of the evening. Music was furnished by Bruno Bros. orchestra.

Andrew Berry, of Rhinelander, has sold his residence in this city, located at 712 Washington street, and proposes to purchase a farm in this county and settle down as a tiller of the soil.—Wausau Central.

The men of the Methodist congregation will serve supper at the armory Friday (tomorrow) evening from 5:30 to 7:00 o'clock. Supper twenty-five cents.

Geo. Ulrich and wife accompanied Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Sturdevant home from Oshkosh last week, remaining several days as their guests. Mr. Ulrich is a foreman in the composing rooms of the Oshkosh Northwestern office. He was a typo in The New North office several years ago.

It is expected that next Thursday Rhinelander will entertain the largest gathering of people in its history. The drawing card is Buffalo Bill's wild west show and congress of rough riders. Some 10,000 outsiders will be here to witness the performance.

Paul Browne has several men cutting wood and clearing the land of which he intends to make a stock farm just west of the city. Since early in the summer a crew of men has been at work constantly and has cleared up a considerable tract of land.—Herald.

While Caleb Ogden was helping unload hay at the Ogden barn north of the city yesterday, a rope attached to the hay fork broke and Caleb took a header from the top of the load to the barn floor. His arm was badly sprained and his nose lost much of its cuticle as a result of the accident. He will carry his arm in a sling for some time.—Antigo Republican.

Very Low Excursion Rates to Denver.

Very low excursion rates to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western line, on June 19, 20, July 3, 9, 17 and August 1, 7 and 21, good returning until October 31, also very low rates on same dates to Glenwood Springs, Salt Lake City, Ogden, Bendwood and Hot Springs. Quickest time. Best service. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

For Register of Deeds.

Thereby announce myself a candidate for the office of register of deeds for Oneida county, subject to the action of the Republican county convention. If nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties acceptable to all. J. A. McLAUGHLIN.

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LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN. Let my premises at Woodboro on Monday, July 9th, a large cow with white stripe on back and white spot on forehead. If purchased, will give amount paid and \$20 for its return.

JOSEPH SOUMER, Woodboro, Wis. Tw-aug-9.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. LAND OFFICE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

July 27, 1904. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, to wit: That said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 13th, 1904, viz: John Johnson, who made the claim for the lot 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 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JOSEPH SOUMER, Woodboro, Wis. Tw-aug-9.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. LAND OFFICE AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

July 27, 1904. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, to wit: That said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 13th, 1904, viz: John Johnson, who made the claim for the lot 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 83